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### Introduction

The aim of this document is to give a synthetic view of the Sindarin corpus in *Parma Eldalamberon* 17 (PE17). It was not designed to substitute itself to PE17. This document must be read **together with** PE17.

### Availability

The following statements come from *Hiswelókë's Sindarin dictionary*<sup>1</sup>, with the kind permission of Didier Willis.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <a href="http://www.jrrvf.com/hisweloke/sindar/online/sindar/dict-sd-en.html#">http://www.jrrvf.com/hisweloke/sindar/online/sindar/dict-sd-en.html#">http://www.jrrvf.com/hisweloke/sindar/online/sindar/dict-sd-en.html#</a>.

### Abbreviations

	see also	n.	noun
*	Tolkien hypothetical form	Nand.	Nandorin
#	deduced form	numb.	number
<	came from	O.E.	Old English
>	evolved in	O.Q.	Old Quenya
<<	replaced	Orn.	Ornithology
>>	was replaced by	O.S.	Old Sindarin
1, 2, 3	word functions	ord.	ordinal
1a, 1b	word senses	pa.t.	past tense
1 <sup>st</sup>	first (person)	part.	participle
$2^{nd}$	second (person)	pl.	plural
3 <sup>rd</sup>	third (person)	pl1.	particular plural
<del>xxxx</del>	rejected entry	pl2.	general or collective plural
adj.	adjective, adjectival	Poet.	Poetic
art.	article	poss.	possessive
adv.	adverb	pp.	past participle
Astron.	Astronomy	P.Q.	Primitive Quendian
B.S.	Black Speech	pref.	prefix
Bot.	Botanic	prep.	preposition
C.E.	Common Eldarin	pres.	present
card.	cardinal	prob.	probably
dem.	demonstrative	pron.	pronoun
du.	dual	prop.	proper
Dw.	Dwarvish	Q.	Quenya
e.g.	Latin exempli gratia 'for example'	R.	Rohanese
esp.	especially	S.	Sindarin
excl.	exclusive	SC.	Latin scilicet 'namely'
fem.	feminine	sg.	singular
fut.	future	soft mut.	soft mutation (lenition)
incl.	inclusive	suff.	suffix
interj.	interjection	Т.	Telerin
intr.	intransitive	theon.	theonym
Ling.	Linguistics	topon.	toponym
lit.	literally	trans.	transitive
LotR	The Lord of the Rings	v.	verb
masc.	masculine	Zoo.	Zoology

### Standardization

 $\{k\}$  k > c

 $\{\breve{a}, \breve{e}, \breve{i}, \breve{o}, \breve{u}\}$   $\breve{a}, \breve{e}, \breve{i}, \breve{o}, \breve{u} > a, e, i, o, u$ 

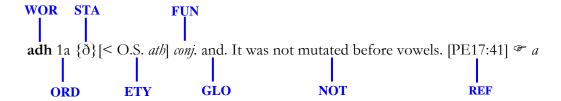
 $\{\bar{\mathbf{a}}, \bar{\mathbf{e}}, \bar{\mathbf{i}}, \bar{\mathbf{o}}, \bar{\mathbf{u}}, \bar{\mathbf{y}}\}$   $\bar{a}, \bar{e}, \bar{i}, \bar{o}, \bar{u}, \bar{y} > a, e, i, o, u$ 

 $\{b\}$  p > th

 $\{\delta\}$   $\delta > dh$ 

 $\{d\}$  d > dh

### Entry



**WOR**: the word presented in the entry. It is crossed out when rejected by Tolkien.

**ORD**: the entry order, according to the function (1, 2, 3 etc.) and the sense of the word (1a, 1b, etc.).

**STA**: the standardization applied to the entry in order to achieve some consistency.

**ETY**: the etymology. Note: some words in different pages can have the same etymology and (nearly) the same glose. In those cases, words were merged into one entry. A different etymology for the same word (with same function and/or glose) was considered as a separate entry.

**FUN**: the function of the word. The function can be followed by the lexical field of the word, e.g. Poet., Astron., Bot. etc.

**GLO**: the glose.

**NOT**: notes or observations, from J.R.R. Tolkien or from other sources.

**REF**: the bibliographical reference.





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a 1a [< ad(a)] conj. and. Pedo mellon a minno! 'Say friend and enter'. Q. ar. [PE17:41]
a 1b [-] conj. and. Form of ad/ada before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] @ ad, ada, adh
a 1c [< ADA beside, alongside, by] conj. and. About his mutation, see PE17:145. [PE17:145]
a 2 [-] interj. o. A Elbereth Gilthoniel O Elbereth Who lit the Stars'. [PE17:20]
-a 1, pl1. -ion [< sg. \(\bar{o}\) pl. (ia < later i\(\bar{o}\) <) i\(\bar{o}\) gen. suff. [PE17:97] & maewia, maewion, geledhion
-a 2, pl1. -on [-] poss. suff. [PE17:97] * heryna
ach [< aks < AKAS] n. neck, referring properly to the vertebrae (the bony part of the neck not including throat).
    'geographical' form achad. Q. akas (later akse) pl. aksi. [PE17:92] * achad
achad 1a [< aks < AKAS] n. neck, refeering properly to the vertebrae (the bony part of the neck not including throat).
    This is a 'geographical' form, S. ach. Q. akas (later akse) pl. aksi. [PE17:92] * ach, Achad Tarlang
achad 1b [< AKAS ridge, esp. Serrated, of rocks, etc.] n. neck (esp. referring to the bony structure, extension of the spine).
    achad << achas. Q. axo. [PE17:146]
Achad Tarlang [-] topon. The long narrow 'col' or passage over the long spur of the mountains that separated Lamedon
    from the plain of Erech. It is not certain whether this was named after some ancient man with the Sindarin name
    Tarlang ('stiff-neck', se. 'proud') or was due to the obsolescence of Tarlang 'the stiff, tough passage' to which S. ached
    had been prefixed in explanation, so that Achad Tarlang 'the crossing called Tarlang' was interpreted as 'Tarlang's
    Neck'. The neck was not the name of the passage but of the lower, narrower ridge (crossed by the road) between
    the main mountains, and the mountainous region at southern end of the spur. [PE17:92] * achad, lang
achar- [< AT 'back', an action by another agent in return to a previous action +?] v. do back, react; requite; avenge. Q. akkar
    or ahtar. Tôl achar 'vengeance is coming'. [PE17:166]
achared [< AK of hostile return] n. vengeance. [PE17:167]
acharn [< AK of hostile return] n. (an act of) vengeance. [PE17:167]
ad [-] conj. and. a/adh before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] @ a, ada, adh
adh 1a {\delta}[< O.S. ath] conj. and. It was not mutated before vowels. [PE17:41] and
adh 1b {ð}[-] conj. and. Form of ad/ada before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] * a, ad, ada
adh 1c \{\delta\}\[< ADA beside, alongside, by] conj. and. About his mutation, see PE17:145. [PE17:145]
ada [-] conj. and. a/adh before vowel, with soft mutation. Q. ar. [PE17:102] * a, ad, adh
adhag {ð}[-] [PE17:131]
Adan, pl1. Edain [-] n. 'the Second', the Second Kindred, the Men. It was a loan from Q. Atan, pl1. Atani. For a long
    time, this word therefore referred only to the three "houses" or kindreds of the "Elf-friends" and always tended to
    refer primarily to them. ónen i:Estel Edain 'I gave the "Hope" (to) Men'. [PE17:18:89:101:117:127]
adhanc {ð}[-] [PE17:131]
adharch {ð}[-] [PE17:131]
adbed [< ATA +?] rephrase. [PE17:167]
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advir [<? + MĬR precious] n. 'heirloom'. Q. atamir. [PE17:165] * mîr
aear [-] n. Sea, especially the Great (Western) Sea. Q. ear. nef aear, si nef aearon lit. 'beyond the Sea, here beyond the Great
    Sea'. [PE17:20-1:27] @ gaear, gaer
aearon [-] n. ocean. Augmentative form of aear Sea. Q. earon, airon. nef aear, si nef aearon lit. 'beyond the Sea, here beyond
    the Great Sea'. [PE17:20-1:27] @ aear
aeredhil {ð}[-] [PE17:140]
Aerel, pl1. Aeril [-] [PE17:140-1]
Aeriel [-] [PE17:140]
af- [prob. < ABA] pref. negative suffix used with verbs in imperative. Also av- and adverbial form avo. [PE17:143] * av-,
agarfant [< KARAP] v. pa.t. of carfa talked, spoke, used tongue. agarfant << carfant (agramp). [PE17:126] * carfa
agarfast [< KARAP] v. pa.t. of carfa he talked. [PE17:126] @ carfa
aglar 1a [< *aklar- < KALAR < KAL shine] n. brilliance, glory. Q. alkar. o menel aglar elenath! lit. 'from Firmament glory of
    the stars!'. aglar an | i Pheriannath 'glory to all the Halflings'. [PE17:20-1:102:105]
aglar 1b [< aklar < KAL light] n. radiance, glory. Q. alkar. [PE17:24] * aglareb
aglareb [< KAL light] adj. glorious, brilliant. Q. alcarin, alcarinqua. [PE17:24] @ aglar
ai [-] interj. 'hail!', or less formally 'ha there you are'. Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g'ovannen. 'Ah! At last, Dúnadan! Well met
    !'.[PE17:16]
ailin [< AYA(R) sea + lin] n. a large lake. [PE17:160]
airon [< GAYA Sea] n. Poet. ?ocean, etc. [PE17:149]
al- [-] pref. not. [PE17:101:146] * alfirin
al- [< ALA good, healthy, prosperous, fortunate] pref. #well. Q. al(a)-. [PE17:172]
alaf [< ALAB elm] n. Bot. elm. Q. albe. [PE17:153]
albeth [< ALA good, blessed, fortunate +?] n. a (word of) good omen. [PE17:146]
alfirin [< al- + pirin(a) < ALA good, blessed, fortunate + PIRI close eyes, blink, wink] n. Bot. 'not dying', a flower name.
    [PE17:100:146] @ al-, firin
alph [-] n. Orn. swan. [PE17:100]
alw, pl. ely [-] adj. wholesome. [PE17:146]
alwed [< ALA good, blessed, fortunate] adj. prosperous, fortunate. [PE17:146]
amar 1a [< *ammar] n. world. [PE17:104]
amar 1b [< Eldarin *ambar(ă) the Settlement] n. Settlement, appointed place; the Earth, the dwelling place or home of
    Elves (and Men) appointed by Eru. With the increase of knowledge it often excluded Aman, even before its
    removal from the 'circles of the world' after the Downfall. Q. ambar. [PE17:105]
amar [< ammar] n. chiefly used later of the inhabited regions of the great land masses not including Aman or Eressea (or
    usually even Númenor). [PE17:124]
amarth 1a [< *ambarta < primitive S. *ambar < mbar] n. fate. Q. umbar. [PE17:104] * Amon Amarth
amarth 1b [< MAR(AT)/MBART doom, fate] n. fate, doom. Q. ambar (ambart-). [PE17:66:114] * Amon Amarth
amarth [< S. ammarth < *mbart-] n. fate, doom. Q. umbar. [PE17:123-4]
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amartha- [< *mbartā or *mbartā to define, decree, destine] v. [PE17:104-5] * amarth
ammarth [< *mbart-] n. fate, doom. ammarth > amarth. [PE17:123-4]
ammen [< S. an for + S. men us] pron. to us, for us. naur an edraith ammen! 'fire [be] for rescue/saving for us'. annon edhellen
    edro hi ammen! 'Elvish gate open now for us'. [PE17:38:45] * an, men
amon, pl1. emyn [< mbono < MBONO] n. hill, lump, clump, mass, often applied to (esp. isolated) mountains. Q.
    umbo(n). [PE17:15:33:61:93:121] * Amon Amarth
Amon Amarth [-] topon. 'Mount Doom'. [PE17:66:93:104:114] * amarth
Amon Amarth [-] topon. 'Mount (of) doom'. [PE17:122] * amarth
Amon Dîn [-] topon. [PE17:95] & dîn
Amon Hen [-] topon. [PE17:77] * amon
Amon Lhaw [-] topon. [PE17:62:77] @ amon, lheweg
Amon Sûl [-] topon. [PE17:116]
Amroth [-] prop. n. [PE17:51]
amrûn 1 [-] adj. of the uprising, eastern. Q. ambaróna. [PE17:91:122] * rhûn
amrûn 2 [-] n. east. Q. orrō uprising, sunrise, east. [PE17:18:122] * rhûn
an 1 [-] poss. art. used with object, e.g. dagnir an Glaurung 'Slayer of Glaurung' = he who slew Glaurung. [?preceded article
    in form] eni, e.g. mellyn enin Edhellion. [PE17:97]
an 2 [< ana < ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] prep. to, for. naur an edraith ammen! 'fire [be] for rescue/saving for us'.
    aglar an | i Pheriannath 'glory to all the Halflings'. [PE17:38:102:147]
anann [-] adv. long. Cuio i Pheriain anann 'May the Halflings live long'. [PE17:102]
and [-] adj. long. i-arben na megil and 'The Knight of the Long Sword'. [PE17:12:121:147] * ann
-and, pl1. -end [-] suff. used in place names. [PE17:170] * -iand
andaith [-] n. Ling. Q. andatehta. [PE17:123]
andreth [<? + RED, RES 'remain in same place', be unmoved, patient] n. 'Patience', long-suffering. [PE17:182] * reth
Anduin [< ANAD long +?] topon. -. Q. Anduine. [PE17:40]
Anfalas [<? + PHAL splash] topon. 'Langstrand'. Q. Andafalasse. [PE17:73:97:135] * falas
angerthas [-] pl. n. [PE17:122]
angol [-] [PE17:131]
Angrenost [-] topon. 'Iron-enclosure'. O.E. (R.) Isengard. [PE17:32:82] & dol, doll
Angruin [<? + RUYU blaze (red)] prop. n. 'Iron Fire'. Tolkien notes "Alter Glaurung > Angruin''. [PE17:183]
anim [-] pron. for myself. úchebin estel anim 'I don't keep hope for myself'. [PE17:117]
ann 1 [< ANAD long] adj. long. Rare except in old names (e.g. Anduin). [PE17:12:40:121] * and
ann 2 [< annā] n. gift. [PE17:90]
ann- [< P.Q. andā] pref. long and far. Only preserved in certain compounds, owing to competition with ann 'gift' and
    ann(on) 'gate'. [PE17:90]
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annon, pl1. ennyn [< annō, annon(d)- entrances, approaches < ANA to] n. great door, gate. Q. ando. Ennyn Durin Aran Moria 'the doors (of) Durin King (of) Moria'. annon edhellen edro hi ammen! 'Elvish gate open now for us'. [PE17:25:40:45:87:90] \*\* annon

Annûn [-] n. going-down, esp. sunset, West. Q. Andúne, andū, Hadorian adûn. [PE17:18:64:88:102:121] \*\* dûn, Henneth Annûn

Anor [< (A)NAR] n. Astron. Sun. Q. anār/anăr. [PE17:30:38:55] \*\* Ithil

-ant [< tek-tā] pron. suff. 3rd person pa.t. ending. Tolkien compares it to Medieval Welsh -as, or modern Welsh -odd (PE17:43). [PE17:43] \* echant, teithant

**anta-** [ $\leq$  ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] v. add to, give. pa.t.  $\acute{o}nen$  (with pron. suff.). [PE17:147]

antha [-] v. pres. of antha-give. [PE17:93]

**antha-** [-] v. to give. [PE17:93]

anu [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] v. pa.t. he/she went. [PE17:148] \* anwen

anwen [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] v. pa.t. & pron. suff. I went. [PE17:148] & anu, gwaen

aphred [< at-kwet < AT 'back', an action by another agent in return to a previous action +?] n. answer. Q. aquet. [PE17:166]

**ar-** 1a [< ÑAR by] *pref.* Q. *ar-*. [PE17:169]

ar-1b [< S. aran] pref. king. [PE17:113] @ ara-, Arathorn

ar- [<  $\tilde{N}AR$  near, by, beside] pref. Q. ar-. [PE17:169]

**ara** [-] *n.* king. [PE17:147]

ara- [< S. aran] pref. king. [PE17:113] \* ar-, Arathorn

**Aragorn** [< Ara(n)gorn] prop. n. 'Revered King'. [PE17:31:113] \* ara-, Arangorn, gorn

Aragorn [-] prop. n. Tolkien proposed that the ending gorn was simply modeled on names such as Arathorn, Celegorn, and that the [?pure] Sindarin form of this name was Argorn. [PE17:113]

aran, pl1. erain [-] n. 'high or noble person', king, chief. [PE17:40:110:147]

Arangorn [-] prop. n. 'Revered King'. [PE17:31] \* Aragorn

Arannor [-] topon. 'King's land', the North kingdom (at first the most important of Elendil's realms). An older form, still used in literature, later reduced in Arnor. Q. Arandóre. Another name that soon fell out of general colloquial use was Arthor na Forlonnas. [PE17:28] \* Arthor na Forlonnas

Aranthorn [-] prop. n. 'Steadfast King'. [PE17:32] \* Arangorn

**Arathorn** [< S. Aran-thorn] prop. n. 'Steadfast King'. [PE17:113] \* ara-, thorn

**Arathorn** [< aran-thorn < ? + STOR, THOR] prop. n. 'Steadfast King'. [PE17:113]

Araum [< Arōmēz < ROM horn noise] theon. Q. Orome. [PE17:138]

Araw 1a [< Áraw < Araúv < Oraúmh < Orōmē] prop. n. Q. Orome. [PE17:96:153]

**Araw** 1b [< Orony < Oronne | Oronne |

Araw 1c [< Arōmēz < ROM horn noise] theon. Q. Orome. [PE17:138]

arben [-] n. knight. Q. arquen. i-arben na megil and 'The Knight of the Long Sword'. [PE17:147]

**Ardor** [< ár(a)ndor] topon. 'kingly, chief land', the pure Sindarin form of Arnor. [PE17:118] \* Arnor

**Aredhel** {δ}[-] n. 'Noble-Elf'. Afterwards including also the Exiled Noldor. [PE17:139-41] \* edhel, Thinnedhel

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Arfin [-] prop. n. Originally Arfin { wë Heru}. [PE17:117]
Argond [-] prop. n. [PE17:113]
Argorn [-] prop. n. the [?pure] Sindarin form of Aragorn. [PE17:113]
Arnor 1a [-] topon. 'King's land', the North kingdom (at first the most important of Elendil's realms). Q. Arandóre. A
    reduced form of older (and still used in literature especially so) arannor. Arnor is 'colloquial' < aranore = noble land,
    with usual loss of second of two short vowels of same quality. Another name that soon fell out of general
    colloquial use was Arthor na Forlonnas. [PE17:28] & Arthor na Forlonnas
Arnor 1b [-] topon. Sindarized form of Q. Aranor 'kingly, chief land'. Pure Sindarin forme Ardor. [PE17:118] * Ardor
arod 1a [-] adj. tall, eminent. Q. aratā. [PE17:39]
arod 1b [< (a)rātā] adj. noble. [PE17:49] * raud
arod 1c [< arāta] adj. #noble. [PE17:147]
arod 1d [< *arāta < RAT tower up] adj. noble. Q. arata. [PE17:186] * raud
Arodreth [<? + REP, RES 'remain in same place', be unmoved, patient] prop. n. 'Noble endurance'. [PE17:182] * arod, reth
arthor [< artaure] n. realm. [PE17:28]
Arthor na Challonas [-] topon. 'Realm of the South-harbourage', older name of Gondor. Q. Turmen Hyallondiéva.
    [PE17:28] & Arnor, Arthor na Forlonnas, Forlonnas
Arthor na Forlonnas [-] topon. 'Realm of the North-harbourage', another name of Arnor that soon fell out of general
    colloquial use. Shorter form Forlonnas. Q. Turmen Follondiéva. [PE17:28] & Arnor, Arthor na Challonas, Forlonnas
Asfaloth [< ast-faloth] prop. n. lit. 'Sunlit foam', name of a white horse. The original meaning is uncertain. [PE17:18] * ast,
    faloth
ast [-] n. light or heat of sun. [PE17:18] * Asfaloth
astor [< *as'tārā] n. faith, loyalty (not belied). Q. astar. [PE17:183]
Astoreth [-] fem. prop. n. [PE17:183] * astor, -eth
Astoron [-] prop. n. [PE17:183] * astor, -on
-ath [-] pl. suff. group plural embracing all things of the same name, applied to things associated in some arrangement,
    or organization. [PE17:25:62] * elenath, ennorath, -rim
athae [< *aþayā < ATH ease, comfort, heal] Q. asea. [PE17:49] * athe, athelas
athe [< *apayā < ATH ease, comfort, heal] Q. asea. [PE17:49] * athae, athelas
athelas [< S. athae + S. lass leaf] n. Bot. 'King's foil'. Q. asea aranion. [PE17:16:49:100] * athae, athe, lass
athra- 1 [-] pref. [PE17:14] * athrabeth athrad, athragardh, athragared
athra- 2 [< apra < \text{PAR}] v. to cross (to and fro). [PE17:14]
athra [-] adv. to and fro; cross to and fro (as a river ford). [PE17:14]
athrabeth [-] n. interchange of words, conversation. [PE17:14]
athrad [< abra < ÞAR] n. 'crossing', especially used of fords over rivers. Another name of a pâd. [PE17:14:34] * pâd
athragardh {ð}[-] n. interaction. [PE17:14]
athragared [-] n. interaction. [PE17:14]
aul [< ãlē < agōlēē] [PE17:131]
aur [-] n. Poet. #sunlight, daylight. Q. aure. [PE17:120]
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av- [prob. < ABA] pref. negative suffix used with verbs in imperative. Also af- and adverbial form avo. [PE17:143] \* af-, avgaro, avo

avad [prob. < ABA] n. refusal. [PE17:143]

avam [prob. < ABA +?] v. & pron. suff. we won't. Q. vamme. [PE17:143] \* avo

avgaro [prob. < ABA +?] pref. & v. imp. do not do it! [PE17:143]

avo [< ABA] adv. negative adverb used with verbs in imperative, often as prefix (av-, af-). [PE17:143]

avon [prob. < ABA +?] v. & pron. suff. I won't. Q. ván, vanye. [PE17:143] & avo

**Avon** [< Amān < MAN good] topon. 'Unmarred State', esp. applied to the 'unmarred' western regions, of which Valinor was part. Q. Aman. [PE17:162]

avras [< BARAS] n. a precipice. [PE17:23]

aw [< ahanv < SAM] v. pa.t. #had. Q. sáme. [PE17:173] \* sevin

awn [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] v. pa.t. he/she went. [PE17:148] \* anu, anwen

# B

baen [< GWAY] adj. fair-haired. Q. waina late vaina blonde, fair of hair. [PE17:155]

bain 1a [< BAN beauty, with implication that it is due to *lack of fault* or *blemish*] *adj.* fair, good, blessed, wholesome, favourable, without evil/bad element, *not* dangerous, evil or hostile. *bân* or *bain* << *bân* pl. *bain*. [PE17:150] \* *bân* 

bain 1b [< banya < BAN fair, beautiful] adj. beautiful. Q. vanya. [PE17:165]

bain [ < ban fair] adj. good, wholesome, blessed, fair (esp. of weather). [PE17:149]

bain [< GWAN fair, beautiful (properly = white complexion and blonde hair)] adj. fair-haired. Q. vanya. [PE17:154]

bain [< gwenyā < GWEN fair, beautiful (prob. originally fresh, fair, unblemished esp. of beauty of youth)] Q. wenya. [PE17:191]

**bainia** [ < ban fair] [PE17:149]

Balan, pl1. Belain [-] n. Vala. [PE17:48]

Balannor [-] topon. 'the Land of the Valar'. Q. Valandor. [PE17:26]

#balar, pl1. belair, pl2. balarwaith, beleriath [-] n. [PE17:139] \* belerion, belerieth

**balch** [< \*wal-ka < GWAL be stirred, excited, etc.] adj. fierce, ferocious. In S. gwal < bal which coalesced in form with BAL 'have power'. [PE17:154]

**Balrog** [< BAL powerful, mighty + RUK] *n.* (mighty) demon. A word made in ancient S. for the spirits (of 'māyan' origin) corrupted to his service by Melkor in the days outside Arda, before the coming of the Elves and the assault uopon Utumno. Q. pl1. *Valaraucar*. In a draft, Tolkien presented the Balrogs as of "Valar or Maian origin" (PE17:48). [PE17:48] \* rang

**bân** [< BAN beauty, with implication that it is due to *lack of fault* or *blemish*] *adj.* fair, good, wholesome, favourable, *not* dangerous, evil or hostile. *bân* or *bain* << *bân* pl. *bain*. [PE17:150] \* bain

-bar [< MBAR settle] *suff.* a region inhabited by a people. Only used in old names. Sindarin usually used -*dor* instead. Q. - *mar.* [PE17:164] \* -*dor* 

bar, pl1. bair [< \*mbar or mbardă < MBAR settle] n. a house, a single house or dwelling (esp. of the larger and more permanent sort), a family dwelling. Q. mar (mard-). [PE17:163-4]

**bâr** [< \*mbăr(a)] n. 'house', a settled built dwelling of a family, larger or smaller. In true Sindarin, it only denoted a (small) area in which some group had at last settled more or less permanently. [PE17:109]

barad 1a [< BARAT] n. a great towering building (fort, city, castle), tower. Q. taras, tarminas. [PE17:22:85] \* Barad-dûr

**barad** 1b [< BARAT/BARAD] *n.* tower. [PE17:65]

barad 1c [< BAR-AT/AD lofty, high] n. tower. Q. marto. [PE17:66]

Barad-dûr [-] topon. #'Dark Tower'. [PE17:31:85-6] \* barad, dûr

baran soft mut. of paran [PE17:86:171] \* Dol Baran, paran

**bardh** {ð}[< \**mbar* or *mbardă* < MBAR settle] *n*. home, the (proper) place for one (or a community) to dwell in. [PE17:164] **bardor** [< *bar-ndor*] *n*. 'home-land, native land'. [PE17:164]

**bartham** [-] *n*. a large building of masonry used as a dwelling. Northern Sindarin form of **barthan**. [PE17:109] \*\*

barthan

**barthan** [-] *n*. a large building of masonry used as a dwelling. This word was modelled on Q. *Martan (martam-)*. Northern Sindarin *bartham*. [PE17:109] \* *bartham* 

**bauda-** [ prob. < ABA] v. ban, prohibit, refuse. [PE17:143]

baur soft mut. of paur [PE17:42] \* Celebrimbor

**baw** [< BĀ primitive ejaculation accompanied with jerk of head] *interj.* imperious negative imperative, 'do not, don't'. Q. *vá.* [PE17:143:145]

bein [< gwenyā < GWEN fair, beautiful (prob. originally fresh, fair, unblemished esp. of beauty of youth)] Q. wenya. [PE17:191]

belaith [< BEL, MBEL] adj. mighty. Q. melehta. [PE17:115]

Belchur [< BEL, MBEL +?] prop. n. Q. Melkor, Melkóre. [PE17:115] & Belegûr

beleg [< mbelek < BEL, MBEL] adj. large, great. Q. melek-. [PE17:115]

beleg [-] adj. large, great, big. [PE17:115]

**belegaer** [<? + GAYA Sea] *n.* ocean. [PE17:149]

Belegûr [< BEL, MBEL +?] prop. n. Q. Melkor, Melkóre. [PE17:115] & Belchur

Beleriand [-] topon. -. [PE17:29]

belerieth [-] fem. n. [PE17:139] \* #balar

belerion [-] masc. n. [PE17:139] \* #balar

**ben** [-] [PE17:167]

-ben [< kwenedē] suff. obsolete except in few names. [PE17:141] \* pen-

ben- soft mut. of pen- [PE17:34]

Ben-adar 'father-less' soft mut. of Pen-adar [PE17:34:167] \* Pen-adar

**benia-** [ < ban fair] [PE17:149]

**bereth** 1a [-] *n.* spouse, used of one who is queen as spouse of a king. Tolkien notes the parallel with the word *queen* "being in origin only an ancient word for wife or woman already in Old English reserved for the King's wife". [PE17:23]

**bereth** 1b [< \*barathī(e) < BARATH] n. feminine personalized form, probably = 'supreme, sublime, queen'. Q. \*Varsi. [PE17:23]

**Bereth** [-] *prop. n.* a form of *Elbereth* seldom used. [PE17:22]

Bereth (in)-elin [-] prop. n. form of Elbereth if it would have been formed later. Bereth (in)-elin << Bereth-elin. [PE17:176]

Bereth (in)gîl [-] prop. n. form of Elbereth if it would have been formed later. [PE17:176]

Berhael soft mut. of Perhael (e.g. a:Berhael) [PE17:102] \* Perhael

berian soft mut. of perian after article i [PE17:66] \* perain

**beth** [-] *n.* words. [PE17:126]

beth soft mut. of peth [PE17:46] \* peth

brand 1 [-] adj. towering; tall and massive. [PE17:22-3:61] @ brann

**brand** 2 [-] *n.* steeple. [PE17:22:61] \* *brann* 

brann [-] adj. towering, tall and massive. [PE17:22-3:61] \* brand

**brass** [< BARAS] *n.* great cliff. [PE17:23]

**brasta-** [< BARAS] *v.* tower up, loom. [PE17:23]

**Bregalad** [-] prop. n. Bot. 'quick (lively) tree', Quickbeam. Tolkien notes that "Quicken or Quickbeam are actual names of 'rowan' or 'mountain-ash' = German Vogelbeere, Vogelbeerbaum. [PE17:82]

brethil 1a [-] n. Bot. silver birch, an emblem of Elbereth. Because of its association with Elbereth, Elves associated this tree with stars, and the word was often interpreted as 'daughter of the Queen', 'princess'. [PE17:19:23:82] \* fimbrethil, nimbrethil

**brethil** 1b [-] *n.* daughter of the Queen, princess. [PE17:19:82]

**Bronwe** [<? + WEG, WE3] *prop. n.* Q. *Voronwe*. [PE17:190]

**Bronweg** [< Q. Voronwe] prop. n. [PE17:189]

Bruenwi [<? + WE? WE3 'person', individual (only used of Elves and Men)] prop. n. Q. Voronwe. [PE17:189]

C

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cadhad, pl1. cedhaid, pl2. cadhadrim {ð}[< Dw. khazād] n. Beleriandic Sindarin. [PE17:45] * nogon
cae [-] card. numb. ten. Q. cea. [PE17:95] @ caen-, mimp
caen- [-] card. numb. ten. Q. cainen. [PE17:95] © cae, mimp
calad [< GAL] n. light, fire, brightness, shining. [PE17:84] @ galad
Caladriel [< Kalatā-rigelle] prop. n. Interpreted or altered to Galadriel to reflect Galadrim. [PE17:50] * Galadriel
calan [-] [PE17:120]
calar [-] n. lamp. [PE17:96] @ calardan
calardan, pl1. celerdain [< + TAN make with tools] n. lampwright. Q. calmatan. [PE17:96] & calar
Caledhel {\delta}[< edel\delta] n. probably #Light-Elf. Caledel << Haredel << gwenie\delta [(or gweine\delta el). [PE17:140]
Calemben [-] n. probably #'Light-elf'. [PE17:141]
calen (galen) [< GAL] adj. green (fresh, vigorous). galen after a sg. noun. Q. kălina (lit. illumined) sunny, light.
    [PE17:77:153]
Caltariel [-] prop. n. [PE17:84] @ calad
can [-] card. numb. four. Q. canta. [PE17:95] @ canad, leben
canad [-] card. numb. four. Q. canta. [PE17:95] @ can, leben
Carach Angren [-] topon. a ravine leading into Udûn. O.E. Isenmouthe. [PE17:32:101] * dol, doll
Caradhras [< S. caran-rass ruddy-horn] topon. 'Redhorn', a great mountain tapering upwards. Dw. Baraz-inbar. [PE17:35-6]
caran [-] adj. red, ruddyt. [PE17:36] * Caradhras
Caras (i) Ngelelaidh {\delta\}[-] topon. pure S. form of Caras Galadon (used by the Silvan Elves of L\u00f3rien). [PE17:60] & Caras
    Galadon
caras [< CAR make, build] n. built fort or dwelling surrounded by bulkwarks. Q. carasse. [PE17:51:84] * Caras Galadon
Caras Galadon [-] topon. not actually related to trees. [PE17:59:84] @ carac, galad
cared [-] v. [PE17:68]
carfa [< KARAP] v. talk, speak, use tongue. pa.t. agarfant. [PE17:126]
carweg [-] adj. active; busy. [PE17:144] @ -weg
castol 1a [<? + STOL helmet] n. Q. castol. [PE17:186] * thôl
castol 1b [<? + bOL stand up, 'top'] n. Q. kastol(o). [PE17:188] * thol
caun, pl1. cónin {o}[-] n. prince, chief, head. [PE17:102]
celeb [< kelep, kyelep] n. silver. [PE17:36:42:49] * Celebdil, Celebrant, celebrin
Celebdil [< S. celeb silver + till tine, spike, point] topon. 'Silvertine', a moutain crowned by a pinnacle. Dw. Zirak-zigil.
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Celeborn [-] prop. n. a kinsman of Thingol. A S. name. [PE17:51:54:59] \* celeb, orn

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Celebrant [-] topon. Silverlode. It is probable that Dwarves actually found silver in this river. Dw. Kibil-nâla.
    [PE17:35:37:49:51] © celeb, -rant
Celebrimbor [< Celebrin-baur silver-fist] prop. n. famous craftman, the Lord of the Elves of Eregion. He was the ruler of
    the Elvish realm at the time of the forging of the Rings. Q. Telpinguar, Telperinguar [PE17:42] @ celebrin, paur
celebrin [<S. celeb silver] adj. not implying 'made of silver' but 'like silver' in hue, or worth. Q. #telperin, #telpin. [PE17:42]
    Celebrimbor
Celebrindal [-] prop. n. a title of Idril. [PE17:112] @ Idril
Celegorn [< Celegorn] prop. n. Tolkien proposed that it could derive from Celeg(n)gorn. [PE17:112-3]
Celegorn [-] prop. n. 'Swift-tall'. [PE17:113]
cenedril [-] n. 'looking-cristal', looking-glass. [PE17:37] * Nen Cenedril
cer- [-] v. stem see paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
cerin [-] n. [PE17:51:55]
certhas [-] pl. n. [PE17:122]
ci \{k\} [\leq k\bar{\imath}] pron. thou. Lenited in g\bar{\imath} as in mae g(\bar{\imath}) ovannen 'well [art] you met'. [PE17:17]
cidinn [< KIN, KIT] adj. small. Q. cinta. [PE17:157]
cinnog [< KIN, KIT] adj. small. Q. cinta. [PE17:157]
cîr [-] pl1. n. #ships. [PE17:147]
Círdan [-] prop. n. 'the Shipbuilder'. [PE17:27:108]
cirith [-] n. [PE17:87]
Cirth [-] pl. n. [PE17:122]
cova- [< KOB/KOM gather, collect (bring or come into same place)] v. come together, meet. cova come together, meet <<
    cova(d) bring. [PE17:158]
eova- [< KOB, KOM gather, collect, bring to same place/point] weak intr. v. gather, assemble, come to same place, meet.
    mae-govannen 'well met'. [PE17:157]
covad- 1a [< KOB] v. 'collect', trans. or intr. 'assemble, bring together'. pa. t. covant, pp. covannen. [PE17:16]
covad- 1b [< KOB/KOM gather, collect (bring or come into same place)] v. bring together, make meet. [PE17:158]
covannen [< KOB/KOM gather, collect (bring or come into same place)] v. pp. of covad- met, art brought together. Late S.
    for covan(n) in mae-govannen 'well meet'. [PE17:16:158]
craban, pl1. crebain [-] n. a bird of the crow-kind. Not an ancient S. word, and probably a loan from some Mannish
    tongue of North-West or from some non-Eldarin elvish of the same region. [PE17:37]
criss [< blend of KIR and RIS] [PE17:87] * riss
cû [-] Q. cúma. [PE17:122]
cûf [-] Q. cúma. [PE17:122]
cuio [-] v. imp. live. Cuio i Pheriain anann 'May the Halflings live long'. [PE17:102]
curu [-] n. craft; applied to all cunning things or [wily?] things, esp. when intended as mysterious or secret. [PE17:83]
Curufin [-] prop. n. [PE17:117]
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# CH

**-ch** [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> du. pron. suff. #you (two). Q. -llo. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132] **chîr** mut. of **cîr** [PE17:147]

chwind [-] n. Bot. ordinary non-mythological word for birch. Q. hwinde. [PE17:23] & brethil, whinn



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-d 1 [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> du. pron. suff. #you (two). Q. -star. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
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**-d** 2 [-] *gerund suff.* [PE17:132]

dachen [-] [PE17:133]

dad- [< NDĂ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, etc. 'back (again)'] [PE17:166]

dadwen [< NDĂ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, etc. 'back (again)' +?] v. return, going/coming back. Q. nanwen-. [PE17:166] \*\*
damen

dae- [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] pref. [PE17:151] @ daebeth

daebeth [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable +?] n. a blasphemy. [PE17:151]

**daedel(os)** (**ndaedel(os)**) [< *ndaed(a)el* by dissimilation < *ndae-ndael* + augmentative os < DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] n. horrible fear. [PE17:151] \* dael

dael [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] n. horror. [PE17:151]

daer [< DAY, NDAY dreadful, abominable, detestable] adj. dreadful, horrible, ghastly. [PE17:151]

dail 1a [-] adj. delicate, beautiful and fine, slender. Q. lelya. [PE17:139]

dail 1b [< delya < DEL] adj. lovely, beautiful. Q. lelya. [PE17:151] \* deil

**Dain** [-] [PE17:140]

**dainedhel** {ð}[-] [PE17:141]

dalad [< DAL bottom, ground] n. low lying/flat ground. Tolkien notes "Alter dalath to dalad". [PE17:150]

damen [< NDAN +?] v. return. Q. nanwen-. [PE17:166] @ dan-

**Dan** [-] [PE17:140]

dan 1 [-] adv. back to, back (in return) against, down upon, back on. naur <u>dan</u> i-ngaurhoth! #'fire <u>back to</u> the werewolves'.

[PE17:38]

dan 2 [< NDĂ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, etc. 'back (again)'] [PE17:166]

dan- [< NDAN] pref. Q. nan-. [PE17:166] \* damen, dangar

dancen [-] Northern Sindarin. [PE17:133] @ dangen

dandol [< NDĂ enlarged, NDANA, NDATA, etc. 'back (again)' +?] [PE17:166]

**Danedhel** {ð}[-] [PE17:141]

dangar [< NDAN +?] v. to undo. Q. nankari-. [PE17:166] @ dan-

dangen [< danghen < Western S. danxen < dankina slain] Western Sindarin. [PE17:133] \* danxen

**Dann** [-] [PE17:140]

danna [DAN-TA] v. fall. Q. lanta-. [PE17:66]

**dannir** [-] [PE17:141]

Daur [< dāra wise] prop. n. Frodo. [PE17:102] \* Perhael

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de [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> sg. polite pron. (to) thee/you. Pure S. form replaced by the Q. borrowing le in the S. used by the Noldor or mixed
    peoples. de/dhe remained in use in Doriath and in the Havens. [PE17:26] # dhe
-deid [-] 3<sup>rd</sup> sg. poss. suff. his, her. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -ed. [PE17:46] & -deith, -dyn, -ed,
deil 1a [< delya < DEL] adj. delicate, beautiful and fine, slender. Q. lelya. [PE17:139:151] @ dail
deil 1b [< delya < DEL] adj. lovely, beautiful. Q. lelya. [PE17:151] * dail
-deith [-] 3<sup>rd</sup> sg. poss. suff. his, her. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -ed. [PE17:46] — -deid, -dyn, -ed,
delch [< delkā] adi, dense. Tolkien seems to consider that it is not a suitable Sindarin form. [PE17:17]
delw [< delwa] adj. thick, of single thing. Tolkien seems to consider that it is not a suitable Sindarin form. [PE17:17]
Deniedhel, pl1. Deiniedhil {ð}[-] n. probably #'Elf of Dan'. [PE17:140]
dern 1a [-] adj. hard, thrawn. Also used for Dwarves, esp. in pl2. dernlir. [PE17:46] @ gorn
dern 1b [< DER] adj. tough. [PE17:154] * dir-
dern 2, pl2. dernlir [-] n. Dwarf. [PE17:46] @ gorn
dev- [< NDEB try] Q. nev-. [PE17:167]
dew soft mut. of tew [PE17:43] <sup>®</sup> tew
dewin [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] v. aov. & pron. suff. I fail, miss,
    etc. [PE17:151] @ dýl, dýr, edíw, -n
di [< dē] prep. with. Q. lé. [PE17:95]
di'nguruthos [-] [PE17:87] @ guru, thos
dîn [-] n. silence. [PE17:95:98] * Amon Dîn, dinen
dínen [-] adj. silent. [PE17:98] * dîn
dír- [< DER] pref. tough. [PE17:154] @ dern, dirbedui
dîr [< dērā < DER] adj. hard, difficult. dērā << dīrā. [PE17:154] * dír-
dirbedui [< DER +?] adj. hard to utter, difficult to pronounce. [PE17:154] * dir-, gor-, gorbedui
dol [-] n. head (often applied to hills or mountains that had not a sharp apex). [PE17:32:36:173] * -dhol, doll, Dol-fanui, Fanuidhol
Dol Baran [<? & PAR peel (hence bark, book)] topon. [PE17:36:86:171] * dol, paran
Dol Guldur [-] topon. -. [PE17:32:36] * dol, doll
Dol-fanui [-] topon. the form taken by Fanuidhol with the usual S. order of word combination (i.e. with the adjectival
    element following the noun). [PE17:36] @ dol, fanui
doll [-] n. head (often applied to hills or mountains that had not a sharp apex). [PE17:32:36] & -dhol, dol, Dol-fanui, Fanuidhol
Domhabar [-] topon. -. Dw. Khazad-dûm. [PE17:35]
-dor [< ndor] suff. a region inhabited by a people. Usually used instead of -bar in Sindarin. [PE17:164] * -bar
Dor I thoen [-] topon. 'Land of Pines'. [PE17:81]
Dor i Thuin [-] topon. [PE17:81]
Dor nu Fauglirh [-] topon. [PE17:128]
Dor nu Fuin [-] topon. [PE17:81]
Doriath [-] topon. [PE17:128]
dor-i-ndainn [-] topon. [PE17:141]
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Dorlomin [-] topon. a name in a dialect of the North, S. Dorloven. [PE17:133]

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Dorloven [-] topon. pure Sindarin form of Dorlomin. [PE17:133]
Dorn, pl1. Dyrn [-] dwarf. [PE17:181]
Dorthonion [-] topon. 'Land of Pines'. Noldorized S. form. [PE17:81:128]
Dorwinion [-] topon. 'Young-land country', land of Gwinion. A land prob. far south down the river Running. [PE17:54]
drû [< (D)ROB] adj. savage, wild. Q. hróva. [PE17:99] * Druadan
Druadan [< (S)ROB, (D)ROB + ?] n. wose, wild man. [PE17:99]
dû 1a [-] n. dimness. [PE17:37:87] * Nanduhirion
dû 1b [< dōmē < DOM] n. night (when viewed favourably). Q. lóme. [PE17:152]
dúath [< du-wath] adj. dark, black shadow. [PE17:87]
dûn [-] n. west. Q. nū-. [PE17:18:121] ☞ annûn
Dúnadan, pl1. Dúnedain [-] n. lit. 'Western Man, Man of West(ernesse)' (Dún-adan), the three Houses of Men. Used in
    Rivendell as a name of Aragorn. Q. pl1. Núnatani. Ai na vedui <u>Dúnadan</u>. Mae g'ovannen. 'Ah! At last, <u>Dúnadan</u>! Well
    met!'. [PE17:16:18:32:131] @ adan
dúnedel, dúnedell, pl2. dúnedellim [-] n. #West-Elf', Noldo. [PE17:140-2] * dún, edhel
dúneglarim [-] pl2. n. [PE17:142]
dúneglir [-] n. [PE17:142]
dúneglon, pl1. dúneglyn [-] masc. n. [PE17:142] @ -on
dúnel, pl1. dúnil, pl2. dúneldhrim {ð}[-] n. #'West-Elf', Noldo. [PE17:140-2] * dúnelt, ell
dúnelleth [-] fem. n. #West-Elf. [PE17:142] * -eth
dúnellir [-] pl1. n. #West-Elves. [PE17:142]
dúnellon, pl1. dúnellyn [-] masc. n. #West-Elf. [PE17:142] * -on
dúnelt, pl1. dúnilt, pl2. dúneldhrim {ð}[-] n. #West-Elf. [PE17:142] * dúnel
dúnigil [-] n. [PE17:142]
dûr 1a [-] adj. dark (with evil implications, e.g. Barad-dûr). [PE17:31:85] * Barad-dûr
dûr 1b [< (n)dūrā] adj. dark, gloomy, 'hellish'. [PE17:152]
dý- {ȳ} [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] pref. [PE17:151] * dýgar
dýgar 1 [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper) +?] n. a mistaken act.
    [PE17:151] dýl, dýr
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dýgar 2 [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper) +?] adj. doing a thing

dýl [< deulē < DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] n. a mistake. [PE17:151] -dyn [-] 3rd sg. poss. suff. his, her. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -ed. [PE17:46] \* -deith, -ed, dýr [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] adj. mistaken, off point, not

wrong. [PE17:151] \* dýl, dýr

right. [PE17:151]

# PH

- **-dh** 1a {ð}[-] 2<sup>nd</sup> du. pron. suff. #you (two). Q. -star. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- -dh 1b  $\{\delta\}[-]$   $2^{nd}$  sg. pron. suff. #you. Q. -tar. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- **dhe** {ð}[-] 2<sup>nd</sup> sg. polite pron. (to) thee/you. Pure S. form replaced by the Q. borrowing le in the S. used by the Noldor or mixed peoples. de/dhe remained in use in Doriath and in the Havens. [PE17:26] \*\* dhe
- -dhir  $\{\delta\}[\cdot]$   $2^{nd}$  pl. pron. suff. #you. Q. -ltar. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
- -dhol [< S. dol/doll head (often applied to hills or mountains that had not a sharp apex)] suff. head (often applied to hills or mountains that had not a sharp apex). [PE17:36] \*Fanuidhol



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ech [-] pron. maybe (2nd sg.?) emphatic or reflexive pronoun. [PE17:46] @ est, im
echad- [<et-kat- out-shape, form] v. -. Deleted pa.t. forms after this verb : edagant, edagad. [PE17:42] * echad-
echant [< edagant < et-kantē shape, form] v. pa.t. of echad- 'shaped out', shaped and made. Im Narvi hain echant 'I Narvi made
    them'. edagant was originally a S. pa.t. form which was deleted (together with pa.t. edagad). [PE17:42] @ echad-
-ed [-] 3<sup>rd</sup> sg. poss. suff. his, her. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later -deid, -deith, -dyn. [PE17:46] * -deid, -
    deith, -dyn
Edaerel [-] [PE17:140]
Edaeron [-] [PE17:140]
edagad [-] v. pa.t. of echad- [PE17:42] @ echad-
edagant [-] v. pa.t. of echad- [PE17:42] @ echad-
edel, pl1. edil [< etelo] n. [PE17:142]
edel [-] [PE17:140]
edelbar [-] n. [PE17:142]
edelbar [-] n. [PE17:142]
Edelbar [-] topon. [PE17:142]
Edeldor [< Etelo-ndor] topon. [PE17:142]
Edelmbar [-] topon. [PE17:142]
edhel 1a [-] n. Elf, a general name for all the Elves (since the name Quendi had gone out of use in Sindarin). Probably
    related to or connected with Q. Elda. [PE17:45] @ edhellen
edhel 1b, pl1. edhil, pl2. edhellim {ð}[-] n. Elf. A name used by the Sindar for themselves, characterizing other
    varieties by an adjective or prefix. [PE17:139] * Aredhel, Thinnedhel
edhel 1c {ð}[< edelō] n. Elf. [PE17:140-1]
edhel 1d [< *edelā Elf < DEL] n. Elf. Q. elda. [PE17:151]
edhel 1e, pl1. edhil \{\delta\} [< *edelā < EL] n. marcher, one who went forth. [PE17:152]
edhellen [-] adj. Elvish. annon edhellen edro hi ammen! 'Elvish gate open now for us'. [PE17:45] * edhel
Edhelvein [-] prop. n. 'fair as an Elf', a title of Arwen. [PE17:56]
Edhelwen {d}[-] prop. n. [PE17:190]
edíw [< DEWE miss mark, go (or send) wrong, fall short or beside (aim, what is due or proper)] v. pa.t. failed, missed, etc.
    [PE17:151] * dewin, dýl, dýr
edlon [< etlo] n. 'outsider', stranger. [PE17:141]
edra- [< etr- open (intr.) < et out] v. open (out). [PE17:45] * edro
edraith [< et out + rektie < ? + REK recover, get out/away, save from ruin/peril/loss] n. rescue, saving. naur an edraith ammen!
    'fire [be] for rescue/saving for us'. [PE17:38]
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edro [-] v. imp. of edra- open. annon edhellen edro hi ammen! 'Elvish gate open now for us'. [PE17:45] \* edra-

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-eg [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> sg./pl. poss. suff. your. Maybe the familiar form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later
    -gen. [PE17:46] @ -el, -gen
egel [-] n. [PE17:140:142]
egl, pl2. eglath, eglathrim, eglawaith [-] [PE17:134:140]
egl [-] n. [PE17:142]
eglamar [-] [PE17:141]
Eglarim [-] pl2. n. a name used for the Noldor. [PE17:141]
egledhel {ð}[-] [PE17:140]
eglerio [-] v. imp. glorify. [PE17:102]
egleth [-] n. probably a feminine form of egel. [PE17:140]
Eglir [-] n. a name used for the Noldor. [PE17:140-1]
Eglon [< etlō, pl. etlōi] masc. n. a name of the Noldor given by the Sindar. probably a masculine form of egel. [PE17:140-2]
ein- [< anya < amya < MAY excellent, admirable] pref. Q. amya-. [PE17:163]
ein- [-] pref. Q. amya- [PE17:172]
-el [-] 2nd sg./pl. poss. suff. your. Maybe the polite form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later -
    lein. [PE17:46] @ -eg, -lein
el [-] n. star. [PE17:55]
êl, pl1. elin, pl2. elenath [< EL star] n. star. Q. elen, pl1. eldi, eleni, pl2. elelli. [PE17:24:67:127:139-40:151] @ elen
elanor [< S. el star + S. anor Sun] n. Bot. 'sun-star'. [PE17:55:110]
Elbereth 1 [= El-bereth < el + mbereth < *elen-barathi] prop. n. 'Star-queen'. On the mythological association of Varda with
    stars, see PE17:22. Same meaning as Q. Elentári. Rarely Bereth. Formed later, Elbereth would prob. have been given
    such forms as Bereth (in)-elin or Bereth (in)gîl. [PE17:22:23:152:176] & Bereth (in)-elin, êl, elen
Elbereth 2 [< el star + *mbarathi] prop. n. [PE17:66]
elden [< et-lenda] adj. exiled. [PE17:51] @ edlenn
eldenn [< et-lendā] adj. exiled. [PE17:51] * edlen
eldeth [-] n. probably a masculine form of ell. [PE17:140]
eldrim [-] pl2. n. [PE17:142]
eledh, pl1. elidh, pl2. eledhrim {ð}[< eleda] n. used for all elves. Form obsolete as specific 'tribal' or general, except as
    element in certain proper-names. Q. elda. [PE17:140-2]
Eledhbar {ð}[-] topon. [PE17:142]
eledhes {\delta}[-] n. maybe a feminine form of eledh. [PE17:141-2] & -es
eledhir {ð}[-] n. [PE17:142]
eledhon {ð} [-] n. probably a masculine form of eledh. [PE17:141-2] & -on
elein, pl2. eleniath, elenwaith [< elenya < elena < ELEN a star] n. Poet. star. [PE17:139]
Elemmar [-] topon. [PE17:142]
elen, pl1. elin, pl2. elenath [< EL star] n. star. Its collective plural (pl2.) designates 'the (host of all the) stars, (all) the
    (visible) stars of the firmament'. Q. elen, pl1. eldi, eleni. o menel aglar elenath! lit. 'from Firmament glory of the stars!'.
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[PE17:20-1:24-5:67:139:151] \* êl

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elenathon [-] gen. of elenath of the (host of all the) stars. [PE17:25] @ elen
elenil [-] [PE17:140]
Elennor [< Eled | ndor] topon. [PE17:142]
elenon [-] [PE17:140]
elia- [< ALA good, blessed, fortunate] v. to cause to prosper, bless (a work), help one. Q. alya-. [PE17:146]
ell 1a [< EL] n. Poet. only applied to the Noldorin Exiles. A word borrowed from Quenya. [PE17:140:152] * elles, ellon
ell 1b, pl2. eldrim [< eldō] n. [PE17:140]
ell 1c [-] n. elf, esp. [?in ?the ?South]. Noldorin form. [PE17:141]
ell 1d, pl1. ellir, pl2. eldrim, ellath [< eld-] n. a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. [PE17:141]
ell 1e, pl2. eldrim [< eldā] n. [PE17:141]
elles [< EL] fem. n. Poet. only applied to the Noldorin Exiles. A word borrowed from Quenya. [PE17:152] * ell, elles
elleth, pl1. ellith [< eld-] n. a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. Probably a feminine form of
    ellir [< EL] n. [PE17:142:152] * ell, elles, ellon
ellon 1a, pl1. ellyn [< eld-] masc. n. elf, esp. [?in ?the ?South]. Noldorin form. a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used
    form themselves. Probably a masculine form of ell. ellon << eldron (PE17:140). [PE17:141-2:151] * -on
ellon 1b [< EL] mass. n. Poet. only applied to the Noldorin Exiles. A word borrowed from Quenya. [PE17:152] * ell, ellon
Elrenniel [-] prop. n. #'Daughter of Elrond'. Elrenniel << Elrendiel << Elrondiel << hel-Elrond << Elrondhel. [PE17:56]
Elrond [-] prop. n. [PE17:183]
elt [-] [PE17:141]
Elu 1a [-] prop. n. Q. Elwe. [PE17:176]
Elu 1b [< Q. Elve] prop. n. [PE17:189]
-em [-] 1st pl. poss. suff. our. Maybe the excl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later -main,
    -mein. [PE17:46] @ -main, -mein
eméné- {ē} [-] v. pa.t. [PE17:93]
-en 1a [-] 1st sg. poss. suff. my. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later -nin. [PE17:46] * lammen, -nin
-en 1b [-] fem. suff. used in patronimics. [PE17:170] * -ien, -ion, -on
en [-] poss. art. of the. [PE17:102]
ena, pl. enan [-] poss. art. usually, esp. later reduced to en before vowel (not when g was lost), na before consonant.
    Plural is enan > en n/, nan. [PE17:97] \ na
-enc [-] 1<sup>st</sup> pl. poss. suff. our. Maybe the incl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. [PE17:46]
eneg [-] card. numb. six. Q. enque, enc-. [PE17:95] @ odog
eni, pl. enin [-] poss. art. used with object, form of an when preceding an article, e.g. mellyn enin Edhellion #'Friends of the
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Ennor [< EN(ED) centre, middle+NDOR land] topon. 'Middle-earth'. Poetic form ennorath. Q. Endor, Endore. [PE17:26:121]

Elves'. [PE17:97]

ennorath

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ennorath [< EN(ED) centre, middle+NDOR land] pl2. n. Poet. 'Middle-earth', '(all) the Middle-lands', the group of central
    lands (between the seas). A poetic expression for the usual Ennor. o galadh-remmin ennorath lit. 'from tree-tangled
    middlelands'. [PE17:20-1:25-6] -ath, Ennor
-ent [-] 3<sup>rd</sup> pl. poss. suff. their. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Later -wen. [PE17:46] * -wen
ephel [-] n. surrounding ring. [PE17:87]
ephel [< eppel < et-pel < ? + PEL edge, bound, fence, limite] n. outer wall or fence. [PE17:65]
Ephel Duath [-] topon. [PE17:152] © du(w)ath
er [-] card. numb. one. Q. er. [PE17:95] * min, tad
Ered Lithui [-] topon. [PE17:173]
Ered Luin [-] topon. 'Blue Mountains'. [PE17:136]
Ered Wethrin [-] topon. [PE17:128]
ered, pl1. eryd [-] n. [PE17:89]
Eredwethrin [-] topon. [PE17:134]
ereg [-] n. Bot. holly. [PE17:42] * Eregion
Eregion [-] topon. Hollin. [PE17:42] @ ereg, -ion
Eriador [< *eryā+?] topon. 'Lonely land'. A Silvan name. [PE17:28]
ernil [-] n. [PE17:96]
Eryd Nimrais [-] topon. [PE17:168] @ ered, nimras
Eryd Wethrin [-] topon. [PE17:128]
Erydweithian [-] topon. [PE17:42] * orod, -ian
Erydweithiand [-] topon. [PE17:42] * orod, -iand
Eryd-weithion [-] topon. [PE17:42] @ orod, -ion
eryn [< pl. oronī trees ?] n. forest, wood of trees. [PE17:33:119]
-es, pl1. -is [-] suff. fem. ending referring to persons or animals used after dh [= \delta], th. [PE17:141] \mathcal{F} -eth, -on
esbin 1a [< spini-] n. thin thread. [PE17:17]
esbin 1b [< SPIN-ID lock, tress of human/elvish hair] n. a tress. [PE17:119] * findel
esgal [< skalā the action or effect of overshadowing < SKAL cover, veil, cloak, conceal] n. a cast shadow. Q. hala, poet. ixal.
    [PE17:184]
Esgalduin [-] n. lit. 'the river under shadow'. [PE17:15]
est [-] pron. maybe (3rd sg.?) emphatic or reflexive pronoun. [PE17:46] ech, im
Estel [-] n. hope. ónen i · <u>Estel</u> <u>Edain</u> 'I gave the "<u>Hope</u>" (to) Men'. [PE17:117]
esten [< *stenna short < STEN cut short, limit, confine, cramp] adj. Q. thenna, senna. [PE17:185] * thenn
estent [< stentā] Q. thenta, senta. [PE17:141]
-eth, pl1. -ith [-] suff. fem. ending referring to persons or animals. -es after dh [=\delta], th. [PE17:141] * -es, -on
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fain 1a [< PHAN white] adj. white and shining, white, shimmering. Q. fanya. [PE17:26:36] Fan, fanui

fain 1b [< \*phanyā < PHAN cover, screen, veil] adj. dim, dimmed (applied to dimmed or fading lights or to things seen in them); filmy, fine-woven, etc. (applied to things that only partially screened light, such as a canopy of young still half-transparent leaves, or textures that veiled but only half-concealed a form). [PE17:174]

fain 2 [< \*phanyā < PHAN cover, screen, veil] n. vague shape or fleeting glimpse, esp. of 'apparitions' or figures seen in dreams. [PE17:174]

fair [< pherya < PHERE] adj. quick, ready, prompt. [PE17:181] \* feir

falas 1a [< PHAL foam] n. surfline, seashore. Q. falasse. [PE17:62]

falas 1b [-] n. beach, strand. [PE17:73:97] \* Anfalas

faloth [-] n. a large (foamy) wave. [PE17:18] \* Asfaloth

**fân** 1a [< FAN white, esp. applied to reflected light as of clouds, snow, frost, mist] *n*. shape, with the added notion of light and whiteness. It was thus often used where we might use 'a vision' (of something beautiful and sublime). Q. *fana*. Tolkien notes that "Yet being elvish, though it may be used of things remote, it has no implication either of uncertainty or unreality" (PE17:26). In the name *Fanuilos* of Elbereth, the *Fân* was the vision of majesty of Elbereth upon the mountain where she dwelt. [PE17:26]

fân 1b [< \*phanā < PHAN cover, screen, veil] n. a veil, a covering concealing what lay within or behind. Frequently used of clouds in the sky, as veils over the blue heaven or the sun, the moon, etc. (white cloud). It became its leading sense. Usual word for 'cloud', floating clouds, or those for a while resting upon or wreathing hills and mountaintop. It was seldom applied to any but things of soft textures (woven veils, mantles, or curtains). The lengthening of the vowel only took place where the word was used alone as a stressed monosyllable. After the coming of the Noldorin Exiles in Middle-earth, the meaning of Q. fana (i.e. shining shape, 'angelic' spirit) was assumed by S. fân. [PE17:36:173-4:176] \* fain, fanui, Fanuidhol

Fangorn [-] prop. n. Beard of Tree. [PE17:84] \* orn

**fanha-** [< \*phantā- < PHAN cover, screen, veil] v. to veil, cloak. Q. fanta-. Naturally mainly used of veils cast over things that shone, or were brighter and more vivid. [PE17:174]

fanui 1a [< FAN white, esp. applied to reflected light as of clouds, snow, frost, mist] adj. cloudy. [PE17:26:36] \* Dol-fanui, Fanuidhol

fanui 1b [< PHAN cover, screen, veil] adj. cloudy, having much cloud. [PE17:173] \* Fanuidhol, -ui

Fanuidhol [= fanui + dol] topon. 'Cloudyhead', name of a mountain. Dw. Bundu-shathûr. [PE17:35:173] \* fanui, dol

**Fanuilos** 1a [< FAN white, esp. applied to reflected light as of clouds, snow, frost, mist+?] *prop. n.* 'Figure (bright and majestic) upon Uilos'. It is not clear whether *fanui*- is the adjective *fanui* 'cloudy' or the name should be devised *fanuilos* (PE17:26). [PE17:26]

Fanuilos 1b [= Fan-uilos] prop. n. '(bright) angelic figure ever-(snow) white (shining after)', 'of/upon Uilos', 'far away upon Uilos', a title or second name of Elbereth/Varda. [PE17:174:176:180]

**fanwos** [-] [PE17:174]

faran [-] n. any growing thing or plant. Q. farne/pharne. [PE17:83] & farn-

farn-[-] n. any growing thing or plant. Q. farne/pharne. [PE17:83] \* faran

faw [< PHAW] Q. foa. [PE17:181] \* phaw

**Feanor** 1a [-] *prop. n.* -. Q. *Feanáro*. [PE17:39]

**Feanor** 1b [-] *prop. n.* Sindarized form of Q. Feanór. [PE17:117]

feir [< pheryā < PHERE] adj. quick, ready, prompt. [PE17:181] \* fair

**fela** [ $< phelg\bar{a}$  mine, boring, tunnel, underground dwel[ling]] n. Q. felya.  $phelg\bar{a}$  (the added vowel might be  $\bar{o}$ ) << phelga. [PE17:118]

**Felagun** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]

Felagund [-] prop. n. Tolkien added the note "Don't like Felagund". [PE17:117]

fele [< PHELEK, PHELES] [PE17:118]

feleg [-] n. cave, mine, underground dwelling. Q. felco. Q. [PE17:118]

**Feleggund** [< Feleg-gund] prop. n. [PE17:118]

**Felegond** [-] *prop. n.* on this name, Tolkien notes "Is *Felegond* = of stone, or = *kondo*, lord" (PE17:118). [PE17:118]

**Felegund** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:118]

feli [< PHELEK, PHELES] [PE17:118]

fen [< PHEN door] n. door. Q. fenna. [PE17:45:98:181] @ fennas

**fennas** [-] *n.* doorway. *fennas nogothrim lasto beth lammen* 'doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue'.

[PE17:45] \*\* fen

**fer-** [< PHERE] pref. [PE17:181] \* fergar

fergar [< PHERE +?] soon done. [PE17:181] \* fair, feir, feria-, ferui

**fergenol** [< PHERE + ?] *adj.* quick to see or perceive, sharpsighted (or ~witted), *etc.* [PE17:181] \* fair, feir, fergar, feria-, ferui

feria- [< PHERE] v. make ready (promptly). Q. ferya-. [PE17:181] \* fair, feir, fergar, ferui

ferui [< PHERE] adj. ready to hand, (quickly) available. Q. férima, ferina. [PE17:181] \* fair, feir, fergar, feria-

**Fileg** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:118]

fim [-] adj. slim, slender. Q. fimbi-. [PE17:23:82] \* fimbrethil

fimbrethil [-] n. Bot. 'slender princess', silver birch. Fuller form of brethil. [PE17:23] \* brethil, nimbrethil

**Fimbrethil** [-] *prop. n.* 'slender princess'. [PE17:82]

**fin** [< SPIN a single hair, filament] *n*. [PE17:17]

**Fin-Argon** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]

find [< \*spinde] n. single hair (of man or elf). [PE17:17] \* finn

finde [< spindidele < ? + DEL] n. #fine hair. [PE17:151] \* deil

**findel** 1 [< \*spindila] n. Poet. head of hair (fax). Preserved mainly in such old names as Glorfindel 'Golden-hair'. [PE17:17]

\*find, finn, finnel

findel 2 [< spin-dela < SPIN-ID lock, tress of human/elvish hair] adj. having beautiful hair. [PE17:119] & Glorfindel

Findel [< SPIN-ID lock, tress of human/elvish hair] prop. n. Fairfax. [PE17:119] \* findel

Findelor [-] prop. n. 'hair-golden'. Q. Findelaure. [PE17:119] \* findel, Finglor Findrod [< Q. Findarāto] prop. n. [PE17:135] **fineg** [< finik, fink] -. Q. finca. [PE17:17] Finglor [-] prop. n. 'hair-golden'. Q. Findelaure. [PE17:119] & findel, Findelor **Fin-Goldor** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113] **Fin-Golfin** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113] Fingolfin [< Q. Finwe·ñolofinwe] prop. n. [PE17:117-8] **Fingolodh** {ð}[-] *prop. n.* probably cognate with (Q.?) *Fingoldo*. [PE17:117] Fingon [-] prop. n. Tolkien proposed revision of this name: Finion or Fingorn (PE17:112). [PE17:112:118] Fingon [-] prop. n. Sindarized form of Q. Finican. Tolkien proposed to change it: Finion or Fingorn. [PE17:113] Fingorn [< Phiningorna ] prop. n. 'Revered Fin(we)'. Tolkien proposed this form as remplacement for Fingon. [PE17:113] Fingon Finion [-] prop. n. Tolkien proposed this form as remplacement for Fingon. Finion << Findor. [PE17:113] \* Fingon finn [< \*spinde] n. single hair (of man or elf). [PE17:17] \* find finnel [< O.S. findel < \*spin-delē mass of hairs, head of hair < SPIN a single hair, filament + DEL thick, dense] n. mass of long hair. [PE17:17] Find, finn **Finrod** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117-8] **Finrod** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:154-5] **Finugon** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113] firen [-] [PE17:101] \* firin

firin [-] adj. mortal. [PE17:101] \* firen

for [-] n. right-hand, north. Q. for-. [PE17:18] Forn

Forlonnas [-] topon. '(Realm of the) North-harbourage', another name of Arnor that soon fell out of general colloquial use. Shorter form of Arthor na Forlonnas. Q. Forolondie, Follondie. [PE17:28] \* Arnor, Arthor na Forlonnas

forn [-] n. the North. Q. formen. [PE17:18] \* for

**Forochel** [< forod + khel] topon. [PE17:116]

forod [-] adj. northern. Q. forna. [PE17:18:116] \* for, Forochel

**fuin** [-] [PE17:120]



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-g [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> sg. pron. suff. #you. Q. -l(ye). See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
gaear [< GAY(AR)] n. Sea, especially the Great (Western) Sea. Shorter form gaer. Q. ear. [PE17:27] @ aear, gaer
gaearon [-] n. ocean. Augmentative form of gaear Sea. Q. earon, airon. [PE17:27] @ gaear
gaer 1a [< gară < GAY(AR)] n. Sea, especially the Great (Western) Sea. Shorter form of gaear. Q. aire (obsolete).
    [PE17:27] * aear, gaear
gaer 1b [< GAYA Sea] n. ocean. [PE17:149]
Gaerdil [-] prop. n. Q. Earendil. Gaerdil << Gaerdillon. [PE17:27] @ gaear, gaer
Gaerdilion [-] prop. n. Q. Earendil. [PE17:27] @ gaear, gaer
gaerdilnir [-] n. probably a Sindarin form of Q. Earendil. [PE17:19] @ gaerdilon, gaerennil
gaerdilon [-] n. probably a Sindarin form of Q. Earendil. [PE17:19] @ gaerdilnir, gaerennil
gaerennil [-] n. probably a Sindarin form of Q. Earendil. [PE17:19] * gaerdilnir, gaerdilon
gaeron [< GAYA Sea] n. ocean. [PE17:149]
gail, pl1. gîl, pl2. gîliath [< Eldarin *gilyā < GIL shine (white)] n. silver spark. [PE17:30:152] * gail, geil
gal- [-] v. pres. stem see paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
gâl [< mantina] v. #he/she grows. [PE17:131]
gal- [< DAL [DGAL] shine clear] S. \eta > z > g. DAL [DGAL] shine clear << DAL, DGAL shine (golden). [PE17:169]
gala [< mantina] v. #he/she grows. [PE17:131]
galadh 1a \{\delta\} [<*galaða < *galadā < GAL to grow (like a plant)] n. tree. Q. alda. [PE17:136]
galadh 1b {ð}[<*galadā a large vegetable growth < GAL grow/flourish] n. Q. alda. [PE17:153]
galad 1a [< kalat- radiance < GAL < KAL shine] n. radiance. [PE17:50] * Galadriel, Gil-galad
galad 1b [< GAL] n. light, fire, brightness, shining. [PE17:84] * calad, Caras Galadon
galadh [< *galadā a large plant (general term), tree < GALA grow like plants] n. Bot. tree, like oak (nordh) and beech. A galadh
    was more thick, dense and branching than a orn. Q. alda. [PE17:25:50] @ orn
Galadhrim [-] pl2. n. 'Tree-people'. True S. form of Galadrim. [PE17:50] & Galadrim
galadhon {\delta}[-] n. & poss. suff. of trees. lais geledhion, ~ galadhon 'the leaves of trees'. [PE17:97] & geledhion, -on
Galadon [< Calatāna] [PE17:84] © Caras Galadon
galadhremmen, pl1. galadhremmin {\darkalpha}[< galad(a)rembin\darkalpha] adj. tree-tangled. o galadh-remmin ennorath lit. 'from tree-
    tangled middlelands'. Q. aldarembina. [PE17:20-1:127]
Galadriel 1a [-] prop. n. 'woman crowned with glory, radiance'. A sindarized version of original Q. Altariel(le).
    [PE17:50:169]
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Galadriel 1b [< \*ñaldā or ñaladā gleaming sheen + ? < ÑGAL gleam, sheen + RIG wreath, garland, crown] prop. n. 'lady with

thought, see PE17:59-60. Q. Naldariel(le). [PE17:59]

the gleaming crown', sc. golden head of hair. This form was a suggestion made by Tolkien in the course of his

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Galadriel 1c [< ngalatā-rig-el-] prop. n. Strangers erroneously associated Galadriel with Silvan galad 'tree'. Q. Naltariel, T.
    Altarielle. [PE17:60]
Galadriel [< galatā-r-yēl] prop. n. Q. Altăriel. [PE17:155:190]
Galadrim [-] pl2. n. 'Tree-people'. True S. Galadhrim. [PE17:50] @ Galadhrim
galan, pl1. gelain [< GALAM elm] n. Bot. elm. [PE17:153]
galen [-] n. Bot. maybe an abbreviated form used for galenas. [PE17:100] @ galenas
galen soft mut. of calen [PE17:77] @ calen
galenas [-] n. Bot. nicotiana, Gondor S. For 'pipeweed'. Q. alanesse, alenesse. [PE17:100] & galen
galog [< mantina] v. & pron. suff. #you grow. [PE17:131]
galon [< mantina] v. & pron. suff. #I grow. [PE17:131]
gaur [< NGAW falsify, deform, disguise] n. 'false, disguised, deformed', wolf (pl.2 wolf-horde). The form of ngaur in
    absolute initial position. Q. ñauro. [PE17:39] @ ngaur
Gavar, pl1. Gevair [-] n. Q. Avar, pl1. Avari. [PE17:139]
geil, pl1. gîl, pl2. gîliath [< Eldarin *gilyā < GIL shine (white)] n. silver spark. [PE17:30:152] * gail
geledhion [-] pl. n. & poss. suff. of trees. lais geledhion, ~ galadhon 'the leaves of trees'. [PE17:97] & galadhon
-gen [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> sg. poss. suff. your. Maybe the familiar form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier
    -eg. [PE17:46] @ -eg
gí {ī} soft mut. of ci [PE17:17]
gil [<\tilde{g}ill\check{e}/\tilde{g}ill\check{e}<\tilde{N}GIL] n. -. [PE17:23]
gil- [< GIL shine (white)] pref. spark, often used for 'star'. Form of gail/geil in compounds. [PE17:23:152] * gail, geil,
    Gilgalad
Gilgalad [< *gilicalat- < GIL shine (white) +?] prop. n. 'Starlight'. [PE17:152] * gil-
Gil-galad 1a [-] prop. n. 'Star of (clear) light'. [PE17:15:169] @ gal-
Gil-galad 1b, pl1. Gilgelaid [< Gill calad] prop. n. 'Radiant Star(s), Star-light'. See also the (prob. primitive) form
    Gillingalati. [PE17:50:59] @ galad
Gilraen [<? + RAYA 'smile', show pleasure or favour in facial expression] prop. n. [PE17:182] * raen
Gilthoniel 1a [< NGIL+THĂN/THĀN kindle] prop. n. 'Star-kindler'. Q. Tintalle. THĂN/THĀN << TÁN << TON; NGIL
    << GIL. [PE17:23]
Gilthoniel 1b [<? + THAN kindle] prop. n. Starkindler (in past). [PE17:82] * thoniel
-gir [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> pl. pron. suff. #you. Q. -lle. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
Glamdring [-] prop. n. [PE17:84]
glamhoth [= glam-hoth] pl2. n. 'din-horde', the Orcs. [PE17:39] * hoth
glaur- [< LAW, LAWAR] pref. golden colour of sunshine or golden-flowers. The application to gold of the stem was
    poetic and referred primarily to colour (as esp. of laburnum) not to material (Q. malta). [PE17:159]
Glaurung [-] prop. n. Tolkien notes "Alter Glaurung > Angruin". [PE17:183] * Angruin
glaw- [< LAW, LAWAR] pref. sunshine. [PE17:159]
glawar 1a [-] n. Q. laure, Nand. lór. [PE17:48] & Lothlórien, Lothlúrien, Lothlýrian
glawar 1b [< LAW, LAWAR] n. (golden) blossom. Q. loar, lávar. [PE17:159]
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glim [-] pl. n. voices. glim maewion, ~ maewia '(the) voices of gulls'. [PE17:97]
Glorfindel 1a [< glaur (< *glawar) + phin-dela] prop. n. [PE17:17] * findel
Glorfindel 1b [-] prop. n. Sindarized form of Q. Laurefin(de), Laurefindele. [PE17:17:119] * findel
glos [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] adj. snow white. Q. losse. [PE17:161] @ glosui, los
glosui [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] adj. snow white. Q. lossea. [PE17:161] * glosui, los
go- [< C.Ε. WĀ, WO] pref. together. Q. o-. [PE17:16]
go? [< WO, WONO together (of things in company but not physically actually joined)] Q. ŏ-'. [PE17:191] * gmá
*goenglin [-] topon. probably a purer Sindarin form of Q. Ondolin(de) than the blended form Gondolin. [PE17:29] &
    *goenlin, Gondolin
*goenlin [-] topon. probably a purer Sindarin form of Q. Ondolin(de) than the blended form Gondolin. [PE17:29] &
    *goenglin, Gondolin
golas [-] n. foliage. Q. walass(s), olassie. [PE17:84] * Legolas
golas(s) [-] n. foliage. [PE17:159] @ legolas
Golfin [-] prop. n. [PE17:113]
Golfin(u) [-] prop. n. [PE17:117]
golodh 1a, pl1. gœlydh {ð}[< ñgolodō Gnome] n. lore-master, sage. Historical form obsolete as specific 'tribal' or general,
    except as element in certain proper-names. It was used of any sage or lore-master. Q. ñoldo. [PE17:139-40:153] &
    pengolodh
golodh 1b, pl1. gelydh, pl2. golodhrim {ð}[< ñolodo] n. sage, lore-master. Obsolete as a tribal name. Q. ñoldo. Goloðrim
    << Goloðir (PE17:126). [PE17:141]
Golodhbaeth {ð}[-] n. Ling. #'Speech of the Noldor'. Also paeth Golodhrim or paeth e Ngolodhrim. [PE17:126]
Golothir [-] prop. n. [PE17:113]
golt [-] [PE17:141]
gon- {ŏ}[< *PQ gon, gon- stone, or a single thing made of stone] n. -. [PE17:28] * gond, Gondor
gond [< *PQ gondō stone, general as a substance or material] n. stone, rock. Archaic S. gond > gonn. Q. ondo. [PE17:28-9] **
    Gondor
Gondolin [< Ondolin [de]] topon. A blend of Noldorin-Quenya and Sindarin. Tolkien notes that "it is obviously neither
    Sindarin nor Noldorin" (PE17:29). [PE17:29]
Góndolind [-] topon. a name in a dialect of the North, S. Gonnólen. Maybe acute accent in the two names was only used
    in order to mark pronunciation. [PE17:133]
Gondor [< Gon-ndor-] topon. 'Stone-land'. A name given because of the abundance of gond, stone in Ered Nimrais, and
    the great use made of it by the Southern Dúnedain. Q Ondonóre. [PE17:28:118] @ gond
gonn [-] n. a rock. Archaic S. gond > gonn. Q. ondo. [PE17:29] & gond, Gondor
Gonnólen [-] topon, pure Sindarin form of Góndolind. Maybe acute accent in the two names was only used in order to
    mark pronunciation. [PE17:133]
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gor- [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse tor-, Greek δυς-)] pref. owing to approach of GUR to other stems (as NGUR

to do. It used dir- 'tough' for lesser efforts. Q. uru-. [PE17:154] \* dirbedui, gorbedui, gornod

'death', NGOR 'terror, dread') Sindarin tended to use gor- in a very strong sense of things very painful and horrible

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gor [< NGOR fear] Q. \tilde{nor}. [PE17:172]
gorbedui [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse tor., Greek δυς-) +?] adj. lamentable to tell (only to be used with horror or
    grief). [PE17:154] * dirbedui, gor-
gordh {δ}[< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse tor-, Greek δυς-)] adj. difficult, laborious. Q. urda hard, difficult, arduous.
    [PE17:154] * gornod
Gorgoroth [-] topon. [PE17:134]
gorn 1a [-] adj. hard, thrawn. Also used for Dwarves, esp. in pl2. gornhoth (hostile implication). [PE17:46] * dern
gorn 1b [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse tor-, Greek δυς-)] adj. hard, stiff, thrawn. [PE17:154] * gornod, gordh
gorn 2a, pl2. gornhoth [-] n. Dwarf (hostile implication). [PE17:46] * dern
gorn (-ngorn-) 2b [< NGOR dread] n. dread, used in sense of reverence, majesty. [PE17:113] * Aragorn
-gorn [-] suff. [PE17:113]
gornod [< GUR hard, difficult (e.g. Old Norse tor-, Greek δυς-) +?] adj. hard to count. [PE17:154]
gornodui [-] adj. [PE17:172]
gorthad [-] n. wraith, spirit of Dead. [PE17:116] * Tyrn Gorthad
Gorthaur [<? + THAW] prop. n. ancient S. name of Sauron. [PE17:183-4] * Sauron
Gorthu [< ngor(o)-thūsō < NGOR terror + THUS evil mist, fog] 'Mist of Fear'. Q. northus, norsus. [PE17:183] * saur
govan- [-] v. to come to same place, meet. [PE17:16] @ govannen
govannen 1a [< govan-< go- 'together' + pp. form of stem ba(n)-] pp. of govan-. Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g'ovannen. 'Ah! At
    last, Dúnadan! Well met!'. Tolkien notes that the explanation with the stem ba(n) "Won't really do". [PE17:16:131]
govannen 1b soft mut. of covannen
grond [< G-RON < RON solid, tangible, firm] adj. very weighty and ponderous. [PE17:183] @ gronn
Grond [< G-RON < RON solid, tangible, firm] prop. n. 'very weighty and ponderous', Morgoth's mace or hammer.
    [PE17:99:183] * grond, gronn
gronn [< G-RON < RON solid, tangible, firm] adj. very weighty and ponderous. [PE17:99:183] * grond, Grond
gûl 1a [< ÑGUL] n. evil and necromantic arts, black arts, sorcery. A loan from B.S. Tolkien notes that "gūl in B.S. is
    probably from S.". Q. ñūle. [PE17:31-2]
gûl 1b [ < ng\bar{o}l - ] n. knowledge, deep knowledge not 'occult' in modern sense, but applied to the deper knowledge of the
    'wise' or skilled persons, not kept secret (as [?among the] Elves) but not attainable by all. Q. ñōle, B.S. gûl phantom,
    shadow of dark magic, necromancer, slave, servant?. The B.S. word gill was prob. derived from ngol-. [PE17:79]
gûl 1c [< NGUL (possibly in origin simply a variant of NGOL applied to a darker shade?) dark, with sinister connotations] n.
    black arts, sorcery. Q. ñúle, B.S. gûl 'raith' is probably derived from Sindarin. [PE17:125]
guru [< ngur(u)] n. death. guru << gûru. [PE17:87]
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guruthos [< NGUR to die + POS show dread of] n. shadow of death. [PE17:95] \* nguruthos



gwá [< WO, WONO together (of things in company but not physically actually joined)] Q. ŏ-'. [PE17:191] \$\text{g-g-v}\$ gwae [< gwoe < wāyā < WAYA blow (as of wind)] n. wind. Tolkien also notes "WAKH in wagme > gwaew, gwae" (PE17:34). Q. vea. [PE17:33-4:189] \* gwaew gwaen (2-waen) [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] v. pres. & pron. suff. I go. [PE17:148] \* anwen gwaew [< gwoe < wāyā < WAYA] n. wind. Tolkien also notes "WAKH in wagme > gwaew, gwae" (PE17:34). [PE17:33-4] gwae gwain [< BAN beauty, with implication that it is due to lack of fault or blemish] adj. blonde. [PE17:150] gwain [-] adj. fair. [PE17:140] gwaith [-] n. a 'people' associated by place and occupation. [PE17:190] \* li, rim, -waith gwân [< gwan < GWAN pale, fair] adj. fair, pale. [PE17:165] gwana, pl1. gwenai [< \*wanasō] [PE17:140] gwanu [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] v. pp. departed. [PE17:148] \* gwawn **gwanûr** [-] *n.* pair of twins. [PE17:116] **Gwathlo** [-] [PE17:136] **Gwathló**  $\{\bar{o}\}$  [=  $Gwath-l\bar{o}$ ] [PE17:136] gwawn [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] v. pp. departed. [PE17:148] \* gwanu **gwê** [< \**nvegō(n)* living creature < WEG live, be active] Q. *nveo*, *veo*. [PE17:189] gwein [< WIN young] adj. young. Q. vinya. [PE17:191] \* gwîn gwen [< WEN-ED girl, virgin, maiden] n. maiden. Q. wendē. [PE17:191] \* gwend, gweneth gwend [< WEN-ED girl, virgin, maiden] n. maiden. Q. wendē. [PE17:191] \* gwen, gweneth **gwenedhel** {ð}[-] *n.* [PE17:140] \* edhel gweneth [< WEN-ED girl, virgin, maiden] n. maidenhood. Q. wendele. [PE17:191] \* gwen, gwend gwîn [< WIN young] n. youth. Q. vine. [PE17:191] \* gwein

## H

hae [-] adv. very far away. [PE17:25] \* haer, haered, na-chaered

haer [-] adj. remote. [PE17:25] \* hae, haered, na-chaered

Haerast [-] topon. 'the Far Shore', the east coast of Aman. The opposite coast of Nevrast. [PE17:27] \* hae, Nevrast

haered [-] n. remoteness. [PE17:25] \* hae, haer, na-chaered

**Haldir** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:51]

han, pl1. hain [< pl1. hein] pron. that, the thing previously mentioned. Tolkien notes "hain = heinn (< san-)" (PE17:42). Im Narvi hain echant 'I Narvi made them'. [PE17:42]

har- [-] pref. left-hand, south. Q. hyar-. [PE17:18] \* harn

harad [-] adj. south, southern. Q. hyarmen, hyarna. [PE17:18:88] \* har-

harn [-] n. the South. Q. hyarmen. [PE17:18] & forn, har-

haudh {ð}[-] n. mound in sward. [PE17:116]

Haudh en ellas {ð}[-] topon. [PE17:97] ♥ Haudh nan ellas

Haudh i nenghin {ð}[-] topon. nenghin << denghin. [PE17:133]

Haudh nan ellas {ð}[-] topon. [PE17:97] \* Haudh en ellas

heledh {ð}[-] n. 'looking-cristal', looking-glass. [PE17:37] \* Nen Cenedril

Helevorn [= Heleðvorn] topon. 'Black Glass', a lake near the Dwarf-regions in north of Dor Caranthir. Dw. Narag-zâram.

[PE17:37] \* heledh

**hen**, pl1. **hin** [-] *dem. pron.* this. [PE17:44]

Henneth Annûn [-] topon. [PE17:64] \* Annûn

**Herufin** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]

heruin [< kherū Lord, Master] n. lady. [PE17:97] \* heryn, Rocheruin

heryn [< kherū Lord, Master] n. lady. [PE17:97] \* heruin, Rocheryn

heryna [-] n. & poss. suff. of the lady. [PE17:97] -a

hi [-] adv. now. annon edhellen edro hi ammen! 'Elvish gate open now for us'. [PE17:45]

**hî** [-] adv. now. Q. sí. thî/hî << hî. [PE17:27:127] \* thî

**hin** [-] [PE17:127]

hithlain [<? LAN stretch, extend or? twine] n. 'mist thread', wrap. Q. hisilanya. [PE17:60]

Hithlû [-] topon. pure Sindarin form of Hilthlum. [PE17:133]

Hithlum [-] topon. a name in a dialect of the North, S. Hilthlû. [PE17:133]

hithren [-] adj. grey. [PE17:140] \* thind

**hlô** [-] *n.* flood. [PE17:96]

**hlôn** [-] [PE17:136]

Hôđ i ndechina [-] topon. [PE17:133]

Hôđ indencin [-] topon. [PE17:133]

hollen [< KHOL, SKOL shut, close] adj. shut. [PE17:98]

**hoth** [< khottă < KHOT gather, together in confusion, jumble] n. host (nearly always used in evil or at least unfriendly sense in S.). host << host, mob. Q. ñauro. [PE17:39] \* glamhoth, Lossoth, ngaur

**hross** [-] *n.* foam. [PE17:121] *☞ ross* 

**hû** 1a [-] *n.* spirit, shadow. [PE17:86]

hû 1b [< khōgo] n. hound. Q. hú. The gloss might be 'heat'. [PE17:86]

**huorn** [-] n. ? tree. The question mark is in the manuscript. [PE17:86]  $\mathcal{F}$   $h\hat{u}$ 



I

- i, pl1. in [-] art. the. [PE17:39:42:44:66:96:102:117:147]
- iâ [< YAG] n. chasm, pit. [PE17:35] \* Moria
- -ian 1a [-] *suff.* a suffix in names of regions. Reduced from -iand(a). Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. -ion. [PE17:37] \* -iand, -ianda
- -ian 1b, pl1. -ien [< yandē a wide region or country] suff. regional ending. Older form than -ion. -ien was often used of a single varied region (e.g. Anórien, Ithilien). Such words were still pl. with article (in Anórien). [PE17:42] \* -iand, -ion

iand [< YAN, YAD wide] suff. [PE17:115] -iann, -ion

- -iand 1a [-] suff. a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in -ian. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. -ion. [PE17:29:37] \* -ian, -ianda
- -iand 1b, pl1. -iend [< yandē a wide region or country] suff. regional ending. Older form than -ion. -ien(d) was often used of a single varied region (e.g. Anórien, Ithilien). [PE17:42:170] \* -and, -ian, -ion
- -ianda [-] suff. a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in -ian. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. -ion. [PE17:37] \*-ian, -iand
- -iann [< YAN, YAD wide] suff. [PE17:115] \* iand, -ion
- iaun [< YAN vast, huge] adj. large, extensive, wide, vast, huge. Q. yāna-. [PE17:42:99] \* -ion
- id [< IT prefix of (great) enhancement] adv. Extremely, very. A word seldom used. [PE17:112] \* Ídril

idha [< ID desire] v. long for, desire. [PE17:112] \* idhra, idhril

Ídhil [< ID desire + RIL brilliant] [PE17:112] \* údha

idhra {ð}[< ID desire] v. long for, desire. [PE17:112] \* idha, idhril

Ídhril [< ID desire, long for + RIL brilliant] prop. n. [PE17:112]

**Ídhril** {ð}[< ID desire + RIL brilliant] [PE17:112] \* *ídhra* 

**Idril** [< ID desire, long for + RIL brilliant] prop. n. [PE17:112]

- **Ídril** [< ID desire, long for + RIL brilliant] *prop. n.* Tolkien proposed that this name was Sindarized from Q. *Írilde*, by association with RIL 'brilliant', or \**Ídhil.* [PE17:112]
- **Ídril** [< IT prefix of (great) enhancement + RIL brilliant] *prop. n.* Q. *Ítaril(le)*. Tolkien proposed that this name was Sindarized for *Írilde* from *Idhil* associated with -ril. [PE17:112] \* íd
- -iel [-] fem. suff. It corresponds to masc. -we. Q. -iel. [PE17:23]
- -ien 1a [-] suff. a suffix in names of regions. Reduced from -iend(e). Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. -ion. [PE17:37] \* -iend, -iende
- -ien 1b [< (i)ondī, ondie, onde, -ionī] fem. suff. used in patronimics. [PE17:170] \* -en, -ion, -on
- -iend [-] suff. a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in -ien. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. -ion. [PE17:37] \*-ien, -iende

-iende [-] suff. a suffix in names of regions. Reduced in -ien. Tolkien proposed but finally rejected a borrowing to the Q. gen. pl1. -ion. [PE17:37] \*-ien, -iend

if [<\*ib-< IBI] n. a cliff, a sheer descent. [PE17:92]

igil [-] [PE17:140-2]

**Igli** [-] *n*. a name used for the Noldor. [PE17:141]

-il [-] suff. point, ending. [PE17:55] \* niphredil, til

im [-] 1st sg. pron. emphatic separate nominative 'I, I myself'. O.Q. imne. Tolkien notes that "Im unclear if m of sg. 1 or reflexive singular" (PE17:41). Im Narvi hain echant 'I Narvi made them'. [PE17:41:46] \* ech, est, minno

i mair en Nengin [-] topon. 'the houses of the Slain'. [PE17:97] \* i mbair en Ndengin, i mbair en Nengin

i mbair en Ndengin [-] topon. 'the houses of the Slain'. [PE17:97] \* i mair en Nengin, i mbair en Nengin

i-mbair en Nengin [-] topon. 'the houses of the Slain'. [PE17:97] \* i-mbair en Ndengin, i-mair en Nengin

imlad [< imbilat < imbi-lăta] n. [PE17:87:89] & Imladris

Imladris [< S. imlad + S. riss < imbilat + rinsa < ? + RIS cut] topon. [PE17:87] \* imlad, riss

imp [-] card. numb. twelve. Q. yunque. imp << iug. [PE17:95] \* imp

**Inglor** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:118]

Ingol [-] prop. n. Sindarized form of Q. Ingoldo. [PE17:117]

**Ingolfin** [< Q. Ingoldofinwe] prop. n. [PE17:117-8]

**Ingolt** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117]

-ion 1a [< S. iaun large, extensive, wide < iaun < yānā < YANA < yā- wide, large, extensive] suff. regional ending. In older names, it usually applied only to a single feature (e.g. Sirion 'the Great Stream'). It was esp. applied to topographical features of large extent, esp. long, wide river, long (and wide) ranges. It was mostly used in post-Exilic times and so was probably partly due to Quenya influences. [PE17:37:42-3] \* -on, Eregion, Nandubirion, Sirion

-ion 1b [< YAN, YAD wide] suff. [PE17:115] \* ian, -iann

-ion 1c [< -(i)ŏn, -(i)ondo] masc. suff. used in patronimics. [PE17:170] \* -en, -ien, -on

-ir [-] suff. past tense of intransitive verb. A letter, probably an s, was added in pencil above the ending -ir. [PE17:126] \* agarfant, -nt

irin [-] [PE17:100] \* alfirin

írui [< IR verbal 'desire'] adj. desirable, lovely (mostly applied to persons, esp. women). [PE17:155]

-ita [-] suff. general infinitive. [PE17:68]

Ithil [-] n. Astron. Moon. Q. Isil. [PE17:30:39:121] \* Anor, ithildin

ithildin 1a [< S. *Ithil* the moon + S. *tin* spark, sparkle (esp. used of the twinkle of stars)] *n*. 'moon-star(light)'. Tolkien notes also that it "Should be *ithildim*" (PE17:39). [PE17:39]

ithildin 1b [< ithil-din < ? + TIN sparkle, spark] n. 'moon-star', the magic alloy starmoon. [PE17:66] \* Ithil, tîn

laeb [< laigua] adj. green. A theoretical equivalent to Q. laigua but that did not exist in Sindarin. [PE17:153]

laeg 1a [< laikā] adj. green. [PE17:84] \* Legolas

laeg 1b [< LAY] adj. green (of leaves, herbage). Q. laika. [PE17:159]

**laew** [< LAY] *adj.* fresh. [PE17:159]

laich pl1. lîch [< lext < lixtā < listā sweet] [PE17:148]

lam [-] n. tongue. Q. lambe. [PE17:46] \* lammen

lammen [-] n. & poss. suff. my tongue. fennas nogothrim lasto beth <u>lammen</u> 'doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue'. Q. lambenya. [PE17:46] — en, lam

Landroval [-] prop. n. 'Broad winged'. [PE17:63] \* raw, rov-, roval

lang [< \*langō < LA3A cross, pass over, go beyond] n. a passage (physical). Originally applied to any route or connecting link between two places or large objects, esp. such as enable one to cross or surmount an obstacle: such as mountain-pass, a ridge of higher land across fen-land, an isthmus, etc. Later applied to narrower parts of a structure serving to join larger parts, esp. the 'neck' of men and animals. [PE17:91-2] \*Achad Tarlang

las, pl1. lais [< SLAS ear] n. leaf. Only applied to certain kinds of leaves, esp. those of trees, and would not e.g. be used of leaf of hyacinth. It is thus possibly related to LAS 'listen', and S-LAS stem of Elvish words for 'ear'. Q. lasse, pl1. lassi. [PE17:62:77]

lasgalen [-] n. leaf green. [PE17:119]

lass [-] n. leaf. [PE17:49] \* athelas, las

lasta- [-] v. listen, give ear. Q. lasta-. [PE17:46] \* lasto

lasto [-] v. imp. of lasta- give ear, listen. fennas nogothrim <u>lasto</u> beth lammen 'doorway of the Dwarf-folk <u>listen</u> to the words of my tongue'. [PE17:46] \* lasta-

law [< LOW] Q. lū. [PE17:137]

le 1 [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> sg. polite pron. (to) thee/you. A Q. borrowing in the S. used by the Noldor or mixed peoples, replacing the pure S. form de, dhe [= δe] which remained in use in Doriath and in the Havens. Fanuilos <u>le</u> linnathon lit. 'Fanuilos to thee will I chant'. [PE17:26:94]

le 2 [< delwa] adj. thick, of single thing. Tolkien seems to consider that it is not a suitable Sindarin form. [PE17:17]

leben [-] card. numb. five. Q. lepen, lempe. [PE17:95] \* eneg

**Lebennin** [< S. leben-nin] topon. [PE17:95]

**lebethron** [< lepeth-orn] n. Bot. name of a hard-wood tree growing in Gondor (Ithilien). Q lepetta. Also used as word for the wood which took a high polish, lebethorn being altered to lebethron and associated with RUN 'rub, grind, smooth, polish'. [PE17:89:103] \*\* ron\*

ledhbas {ð}[-] n. 'way-bread'. A form of lembas if the stem LED had remained in common use. [PE17:52] \* lembas

Legolas 1a [< S. laeg green + go-lass foliage] prop. n. A Sindarin name. [PE17:51:84] @ golas, laeg

legolas 1b [= leg-olas < LAY +?] n. 'green foliage'. [PE17:159] \* golas(s)

**leich** [< *lisya* < (G)LIS] [PE17:154] **leich** pl1. **lîch** [< lext < lixtā < listā sweet] [PE17:148] -lein [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> sg. poss. suff. your. Maybe the polite form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier el. [PE17:46] \* -el lembas [< led(e)mbasse bread taken on leaving home (for a journey)] n. 'way-bread'. Q. lerembas. [PE17:51-2:60] \* ledhbas **leweg** [< LEWEK worm] *n.* snake. [PE17:160] lî [-] n. a people of one kind or origin. [PE17:190] @ gwaith, rim lim [< \*limbi] adj. swift. Noro lim, noro lim Asfaloth. 'Run swift, run swift Asfaloth'. Q. limbe, #linta. [PE17:18:147] lind [-] n. a chant, song. [PE17:27] \* linn linn [-] n. a chant, song. [PE17:27] \* lind **linna-** [< S. lind, linn a chant, song] v. to sing a song. [PE17:27] \* linnathon linnathon [-] v. fut. 1<sup>st</sup> sg. 'I will sing a song', future of linna-. Fanuilos le linnathon lit. 'Fanuilos to thee will I chant'. [PE17:20-1:27] \* linna**linnod** [-] *n*. [PE17:62:117] lithui [-] adj. [PE17:87:173] \* -ui **1ô** 1a [-] *n*. flood. [PE17:96] **1ô** 1b [<\*hlaw, hlô < slaw,  $sl\bar{o} < sl\bar{o}w < slow\bar{a} < SLOW$  flow freely (fully)] [PE17:137] -16 [-] suff. applied to rivers always full of water. [PE17:96] \* hlô, lô, Ringlô **16** [< (s)lowā < (S)LOW] adj. blue. [PE17:136] **lo** [< law < lawa < LOWO] [PE17:137] **-lo** 1a [< law < lawa < LOWO] suff. [PE17:137] -lo 1b [< LOW] *suff.* Q. *lū*. [PE17:137] -16  $\{\bar{o}\}$  [-] suff. applied to rivers always full of water, at all seasons draining from mountains, as ringlo, gwathlo. [PE17:137] los {ŏ}[< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] n. snow. Q. losse. [PE17:161] \* glos, glosui, loss, Loss(h)oth loss [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass)] n. snow. Q. losse. [PE17:161] @ glos, glosui, los, Loss(h)oth **Losshoth** [< LOS snow (as a substance or a white mass) +?] pl2. n. people living in far North. [PE17:161] \* los, loss **Lossoth** [= Loss-(h)oth] pl2. n. the unfriendly Northern folk who lived in the snow. [PE17:39:161] \* hoth **loth** 1a [< lotho/a] n. flower, a single bloom. Q. lóte, lōs. [PE17:26] loth 1b [< LOT, LOTH flower] n. a flower (of defined shape). Q. lóte. [PE17:48:161] \* Lothlórien, Lothlúrien, Lothlúrien Lothlórien [-] topon. 'Dreamflower', the land of Galadriel. Pure S. Lothlórian/Lothlúrien. [PE17:48] \* loth Lothlúrien [-] topon. 'Dreamflower', the land of Galadriel. Pure S. of Lothlórien. [PE17:48] \* loth, Lothlórien, Lothlórien Lothlýrian [-] topon. 'Dreamflower', the land of Galadriel. Pure S. of Lothlórien. [PE17:48] \* loth, Lothlórien, Lothlúrien **luin** [< \*luini- blue] adj. blue. [PE17:136] lúth [< LOT, LOTH flower] n. Bot. blossom, inflorescence. [PE17:15:161] \* Lúthien

Lúthien [< LOT, LOTH flower + ?] prop. n. 'Daughter of Flowers'. Melian was esp. associated with the flowers in Lórien. [PE17:15:161] \* lúth

**lýg** [< LEWEK worm] *n.* snake. Q. *leuka*. [PE17:121:160]

# He

**lheweg**, du. **lhaw** [< slasū < S-LAS ear] n. ear. Q. hlas, du. hlaru. [PE17:62:77] \* brand, brann

**lhoer** [< SLOY] *n.* venom, poison(ousness). Q. *hloire*. [PE17:185]

**lhoew** [< SLOY] [PE17:185]

**lhôn** [< LON, SLON noise] n. a noise. Q. hlóna. [PE17:138]

**lhûg** [< (s) $l\bar{o}k\bar{o}$  reptile, snake, worm < LOK bend, loop, etc.] n. Q.  $hl\acute{o}ke$ ,  $l\acute{o}ke$ . (s) $l\bar{o}k\bar{o}$  << (s) $l\bar{o}k\bar{a}$ . [PE17:160]

**lhûn** 1a [< (s)lōnō-] n. deep of water. Tolkien notes that this word was "applied originally to the Gulf". [PE17:137]

**Ihûn** 1b [< S. slûn < adj. slounā full of water in spate < S-LOUNI] applied to rivers always full of water, at all seasons draining from mountains, as ringlo, gwathlo. [PE17:137]

**Lhûn** [< SLOUN, SLŌN or SLŪN] topon. [PE17:136]



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-m 1a [-] 1<sup>st</sup> du. pron. suff. #we (you and me). Q. -mmo. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
-m 1b [-] 1st pl. pron. suff. #we (probably the excl. form). Q. -mbe. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
-m(m)id [-] 1<sup>st</sup> du. pron. suff. #we (you and me). Q. -mmo. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
ma [< *magā < MAGA to thrive, be in good state] adj. good. Archaic and obsolete except as interjection 'good, excellent,
    that's right'. [PE17:162]
maden [< mantina] v. old aor. [PE17:131]
madu [< mady < matwā] [PE17:148] * maud
madweg [-] adj. gluttonous. [PE17:144] * -weg
mae 1a [< (maʒĕ <) măgē] adv. well. Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g'ovannen. 'Ah! At last, Dúnadan! Well met l'.[PE17:16]
mae 1b [< either MAY or MAG] adv. well. [PE17:131:162] * mael
mae- [< MAY excellent, admirable] pref. Q. mai-. [PE17:163] * maeron
mae- [< (A)MAY suitable, useful, prosper, serviceable, right] pref. Q. mai- [PE17:172] * maer
mae-govannen [<? - KOB, KOM gather, collect, bring to same place/point] weak intr. v. well met. [PE17:157]
mael [-] adj. well. adjective << adverb. [PE17:162] * mae
maen [< MAY excellent, admirable] n. a treasure. Q. maina a thing of excellence, a treasure (O.E. mápum). [PE17:163]
maer 1a [< MAY] adj. good. [PE17:162]
maer 1b [< MAY excellent, admirable] adj. excellent. Q. maira admirable, excellent, precious. [PE17:163] * maer-, maeron
maer [< (A)MAY suitable, useful, prosper, serviceable, right] adj. good, proper, excellent. Q. mára good, proper, Q. maira
    excellent. [PE17:172] @ mae-
maeron [< MAY prob. 'make' (in artistic sense as in ποιήτης)] n. artist. It usually, but not necessarily, implied a poet. Q.
    maitar. [PE17:163]
maeth [prob. < MAG] n. management. Q. maht(i)e. [PE17:140:161] * maetha-
maetha- 1a [< MA3] v. to handle. Q. mahta-. [PE17:69]
maetha- 1b [prob. < MAG] v. to handle, treat, manage, etc. Q. mahta-. [PE17:161] * maeth
maetha- 1c [< MA3 serve, be of use] v. use, wield. Q. mahta-. [PE17:162] @ maw
maewia [-] pl. n. & poss. suff. of gulls. glim maewion, ~ maewia '(the) voices of gulls'. [PE17:97] & -a, maewion
maewion [-] pl. n. & poss. suff. of gulls. glim maevion, ~ maevia '(the) voices of gulls'. [PE17:97] & -a, maevia
mâf [-] n. a pile or mass of rock or earth. [PE17:93]
-main [-] 1st pl. pass. suff. our. Maybe the excl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -
    em. [PE17:46] @ -em, -men
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malh [-] adj. #golden. This word is not explicitly presented as S. [PE17:51] \* mall, mallorn mall [-] adj. #golden. This word is not explicitly presented as S. [PE17:51] \* malh, mallorn

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mallorn, pl1. mellyrn [-] pl1. n. Bot. 'golden-tree'. It was a gift from Gil-galad, who had the seed from Eressea (by way
    of Númenor). [PE17:48:51:110] @ malh, mall
mallos [-] n. Bot. golden flower. [PE17:100]
mannen [< mantinā] v. aor. [PE17:131]
manthen [< mantina] v. aor. [PE17:131]
Manwe [<? + WEG, WE3] prop. n. Q. Manwe. [PE17:190]
maud [< madw < matwā] [PE17:148] * madu
maw [< MA3 serve, be of use] n. Poet. hand. Q. má. [PE17:162] @ maetha-
medui [-] adj. end, final, last. Ai na vedui Dúnadan. Mae g'ovannen. 'Ah! At last, Dúnadan! Well met!'. m > v after
    preposition. [PE17:16]
megil [-] n. sword. i arben na megil and 'The Knight of the Long Sword'. [PE17:147]
meiniel [-] maybe a fem. form of Manwe. Q. manyel. [PE17:190]
mell [< meldā < melnā < MEL love] adj. dear, beloved. Q. melda. [PE17:41]
mellon [< melnā < MEL love] n. friend. Pedo mellon a minno! 'Say friend and enter'. [PE17:41]
-men [-] 1<sup>st</sup> pl. poss. suff. our. Maybe the excl. form of this suff. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -
    em. [PE17:46] @ -em, -main
men [-] 2<sup>nd</sup> pl. pron. us. [PE17:378]  ammen
menel 1a [-] n. Firmament. o menel aglar elenath! lit. 'from Firmament glory of the stars!'. [PE17:20-1]
menel 1b [-] n. the heavens, the apparent dome of the sky. Probably a Quenya word introduced into Sindarin. It was a
    'pictorial' word, as the lore of the Eldar and the Númenoreans know much astronomy. [PE17:24]
Menwi [<? + WE? WE3 'person', individual (only used of Elves and Men)] prop. n. Q. Manwe. [PE17:189]
milbar 1a [< *mil(a)mbar < mēlā-mbar] n. 'beloved dwelling', applied to the places best known and most frequented. It was
    used to derive Q. mélamar. [PE17:109]
milbar 1b [< mîl-mbar < mēlā-mbar < ? + *mbar or mbardă < ? + MBAR settle] n. 'dear home', the place of one's birth, or
    desire, or one's home returned to after journey or exile. [PE17:164]
mimp [-] card. numb. eleven. Q. minque. [PE17:95] * imp
min [-] card. numb. one. Q. min. [PE17:95] * er, tad
Minas Morgul [-] topon. 'Tower of Sorcery'. [PE17:31] & Minas Tirith
Minas Tirith [-] topon. 'Tower of Watch', the great 'home' of Finrod, a fort built on an island in Sirion and intended to
    command access into Beleriand from the North. [PE17:31:104] * Minas Morgul
minna- [< MI in] v. go in, enter. [PE17:41] * minno
minno [< MI in] v. imp. of minna- enter. Pedo mellon a minno! 'Say friend and enter'. [PE17:41] * minna-
mîr 1a [< MIR esteem, value] n. a treasure, a jewel. Q. mire a treasure, a precious thing. [PE17:24:37:121] * miria-,
    míriel, miruvor
mîr 1b [< MĬR precious] n. jewel, precious thing. Q. mire, pl1. miri. [PE17:165] @ advir
míria- [-] v. to shine like a mîr or jewel, to sparkle like jewels. [PE17:24] *mîr, míriel
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míriel [-] adj. or quasi-adverb like a jewel, shining jewel-like. In origin a participial form of verb míria-. silivren penna míriel
    lit. 'glittering slants-down sparkling (as jewels)'. [PE17:20-1:24] * míria-
miruvor [-] n. S. form taken by borrowed Q. word miruvóre (< MIR esteem, value). [PE17:37] * mîr
mith [-] adj. grey, light grey. [PE17:47:60:140] * Mithrandir, mithril
mîth [-] [PE17:140]
mithir [-] [PE17:140]
Mithrandir [-] prop. n. 'Grey Pilgrim', a name of Gandalf. [PE17:47:60] * mith, randir
mithrel [-] [PE17:140]
mithril [-] [PE17:140]
mithril [-] n. [PE17:47:49] * mith, ril
mithrim [-] [PE17:140]
Mîthrim [-] pl2. n. translated Sindar in Quenya. [PE17:140]
mithrin [-] [PE17:140]
mithron, pl1. mithryn [-] [PE17:140]
mor [-] adj. black. [PE17:31]
mor- [-] pref. black. [PE17:35] & Moria, morn-
Morannon [< MOR black +?] topon. [PE17:73:87] ☞ annon, mor
moravar [-] n. #'Dark-Elf'. [PE17:139]
morben, pl1. mærbin, pl2. morbennath [-] n. 'Dark-elf', excluding the Sindar. [PE17:141]
morbenedh, pl1. morbenidh {ð}[-] n. #'Dark-Elf'. [PE17:140-1] * penedh
Mordor 1a [< MOR black +?] topon. [PE17:73]  mor
Mordor 1b [< morn-ndor] topon. [PE17:118]
Moredhel, pl1. Moredhil {ð}[-] n. 'Dark-Elf', distinguished from the Sindar (and usually also the Nandor). Q. Avar.
    [PE17:139-41]
Morgai [-] topon. 'Black fence'. [PE17:101] * mor
Morgoth [< MOR black +?] prop. n. [PE17:162:173:175] @ mor
Moria [< S. mor(n)- black + S. iû chasm, pit] topon. 'Black Pit, Black Chasm'. [PE17:35:40]
morn [-] adj. black. [PE17:101] @ mor, Morgai
morn- [-] pref. black. [PE17:31:35] & Moria, mor-
Morthond [-] topon. Black Root. [PE17:96] & mor, thond
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### H

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-n [-] 1<sup>st</sup> sg. pron. suff. #I. Q. -n(ye). See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
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 $\mathbf{n}^{\bullet}$  [<  $n\bar{a}$  < ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] *prep.* to, towards (of spacetime); form of  $\mathbf{n}\mathbf{a}$  before vowels. [PE17:147]  $\mathcal{F}$ 

na 1 [-] poss. art. used with subject, e.g. roch na-heryna 'the horse of (the) lady'. [PE17:97] an, roch na-heryna

na 2a [-] prep. at (a point of time or place). Ai <u>na</u> vedui Dúnadan. Mae g'ovannen. 'Ah! <u>At</u> last, Dúnadan! Well met!'. [PE17:16]

na 2b [-] prep. to. Na-chaered palan-diriel lit. "To-distance (remote) after-gazing". [PE17:20-1:25] \* na-chaered

na 2c [< ANA/NĀ 'allative' base] prep. like French à, provided with, marked by, with, etc.. [PE17:82]

na 2d [< ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] *prep.* 'with', possessing, provided with, esp. of characteristic feature. *nan* before vowels. *Orod na Thôn* 'Mount of the Pines Tree(s)'. [PE17:147]

**na** 2e [ $< n\bar{a} < \text{ANA/NA}$  to, towards – added to, plu-] prep. to, towards (of spacetime). n' before vowels. [PE17:147]

naer [< NAY cause bitter pain or grief] adj. dreadful, horrible, unendurable. Q. naira. [PE17:151]

**Naith** [-] *topon*. [PE17:51]

naith [< nek-tē < NEK] n. angle. Q. nehte. [PE17:55] \* neith

nalla [-] v. maybe 3rd sg. aorist, he calls. [PE17:94]

nallan [-] n. a call. nallan << nallon (by adding a stroke on o). In the glose 'a call', 'a' is uncertain, the correct reading possibly 'to' or 'my'. In the end, nallan was emended to nallon in the 2<sup>nd</sup> edition of LotR. [PE17:94]

nallar [-] v. maybe 3<sup>rd</sup> pl. aorist, they call. [PE17:94]

nalloth [-] v. maybe 2<sup>nd</sup> sg. aorist, you call. [PE17:94]

nan 1 [-] n. vale. [PE17:37:83] @ nand, Nanduhirion

nan 2 [< ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] *prep.* 'with', possessing, provided with, esp. of characteristic feature. Form of na before vowels. [PE17:147]

nand [-] n. vale. [PE17:37:83] \* nan, Nanduhirion

**Nanduhirion** [< S. nan(d) vale + S. dû dimness + S. sûr stream + -(i)on a suff. in names of regions] topon. 'Vale of Dim Streams', Dimrill Dale. Dw. Azanul-bizar. [PE17:35:37]

Nan Gondresgion [-] topon. 'Stonewain Valley', so named because of the great road for heavy drags (plateforms on wheels) and wains, used in the quarries of Min-Rimmon that ran through it. Q. Nand' Ondoluncava, Ondoluncavand(do), Ondolunquanan(do), O.E. Stānwagna Dæl. [PE17:28]

Nargothrond [< Dw. Nar(u)kuthûn] topon. [PE17:47] Narog

Narog 1a [prob. < Dw. Narâg < NRG black] topon. -. [PE17:37]

Narog 1b [<? naruka] topon. [PE17:47] \* Nargothrond

**nathal** [< NATH welcome, be kind to] *n.* guest. [PE17:141]

**nathlo** [< NATH welcome, be kind to] [PE17:141]

naug [-] n. dwarf. [PE17:46] \* cadhad, nogon, nogoth

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naur [-] n. fire. naur an edraith ammen! 'fire [be] for rescue/saving for us'. Q. nár. [PE17:38:101] * Sammath Naur
-nc 1a [-] 1<sup>st</sup> pl. pron. suff. #we (probably the incl. form). Q. -lme. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
-nc 1b [-] 1st du. pron. suff. #we (you and me). Q. -lmo. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
neder [-] card. numb. nine. Q. nerte. [PE17:95] @ cae, caen-
nef [< *nebā < NEB turn towards (speaker)] adv. on this (the speaker's) side. *nebā << *nibā, NEB << NIB. aear, sí nef aearon
    lit. 'beyond the Sea, here beyond the Great Sea'. [PE17:20-1:27]
negen [-] adj. sharp, angular. Q. nerca, nexe. [PE17:55] @ negn
negn [-] adj. sharp, angular. Q. nerca, nexe. [PE17:55] * negen
neith [< nek-te < NEK] n. angle. Q. nehte. [PE17:55] * naith
neithan [< NEK deprive] n. one deprived, exile whose rights and goods have been confiscated. Q. nehtanō. [PE17:167]
nel [-] card. numb. three. Q. nelde. [PE17:95] @ can, canad, neledh
Neldoreth [-] topon. a forest of beeches. [PE17:81]
neledh {ð}[-] card. numb. three. Q. nelde. [PE17:95] *can, canad, nel
nellir [-] [PE17:141]
nen {ĕ}[< NEN water] n. water, lake. Q. nén. [PE17:52:77] * nîn
Nen Cenedril [-] topon. 'Lake looking-cristal', Mirrormere. Dw. Kheled-zâram. Nen Cenedril << Nen Singil. [PE17:35]
Nen Singil [-] topon. Mirrormere. Nen Cenedril << Nen Singil. [PE17:35]
nev mut. of nef [PE17:27] * Nevrast
Nevrast [-] topon. 'Hither Shore', the coast on the Middle-earth side of the Great Sea, hence the extreme west-coast of
    Middle-earth. It became used especially of the coast-land and its immediate hinterland between Dengrist and the
    Havens, where Turgon first dwelt. The opposite was Haerast. [PE17:27] * Haerast, nev
niben-nog [-] n. Petty dwarf. [PE17:46] * cadhad, noged, nogon, nogoth
nim 1a [< T. nimbi white] adj. white. [PE17:19] * Nimbrethil
nim 1b [< nimbi < nimpi | adj. white (usual word). [PE17:168] * nimp, nimras
nimbrethil [-] n. Bot. 'white princess', silver birch. Fuller form of brethil. [PE17:23] * brethil, fimbrethil
Nimbrethil 1a [-] prop. n. 'Silver Birches'. [PE17:19] * brethil I, nim
Nimbrethil 1b [-] prop. n. 'White Princess'. [PE17:19] * brethil II, nim
nimp [-] adj. pale, pallid. nimp << nim (PE17:168). [PE17:55:168] * nipbred
nimphelos [-] n. Bot. [PE17:168] * nimp
nimrais [-] pl1. n. white-peaks, pale-horns. [PE17:33]
nimras, pl1. nimrais [-] n. pale-horn, snow peak. Q. níquetil. [PE17:89:168] * nim
Nimrodel [-] topon. name of a stream, originally of an Elven-maid loved by Amroth, King of Lórien. Nim is T. nimbi
    white. -rodel could be S. and mean 'lofty star', but it could also contain an element seen in S. -roth, rod < ROT
    'cave', or be feminine, from rodel 'lady, high lady'. Tolkien notes also this name is "suitable to S. sounds and
    patterns" but is "not clearly etymologizable as S." (PE17:51). [PE17:49:51]
-nin [-] 1st sg. poss. suff. my. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -en. [PE17:46] -en
nin [-] pron. me. [PE17:95]
nîn [< nēnā < NEN water] adj. wet. Q. nenya. [PE17:52:61] * Nindalf
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Nindalf [-] topon. 'wet flat'. Q. nindatalma. [PE17:52:61] \* nîn, talf

nindalf [<NĚN water +?] n. Q. nēn-talma. [PE17:167]

**nínedhel** {ð}[-] *n*. [PE17:139]

niphred [< ni(m)phred < ni(m)phraed | n. pallor. [PE17:55:168] \* nimp, niphredil

niphredil [< S. niphred pallor + S. til or -il point, ending] n. Bot. a pale white flower (like snowdrop). [PE17:55:168] \* -il, niphred, til

noegin [-] n. little dwarf. [PE17:45] \* cadhad, nogon, nogoth

noged, pl1. nægid [-] n. Petty dwarf. [PE17:46] @ cadhad, nogon, nogoth

**nogon**, pl1. **nogoth**, pl2. **nogothrim**, **naugrim** [-] *n*. dwarf. *fennas* <u>nogothrim</u> lasto beth lammen 'doorway of the <u>Dwarf-folk</u> listen to the words of my tongue'. Tolkien first glosed <u>nogoth</u> as 'a dwarf'. [PE17:45-6] \*\* noegin, nogoth

nogoth, pl1. negyth, pl2. naugrim, nogrim, nogothrim, nogothlir [< naugoth] n. big Dwarf, dwarf. [PE17:45-6] \* cadhad, noegin, nogon

**noll** [< nold-] n. a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. [PE17:141]

**nollon** [< nold-] n. a Sindarized form the Exiled Noldor used form themselves. Probably a masculine form of **noll**. [PE17:141]

**nolt** [-] [PE17:141]

nor- [< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.)] v. run (of men and animals using legs: not of fluids, etc.). Pret. onur. [PE17:18:168] \*\* noro, northa-

nordh {ð}[-] n. Bot. oak. A tree of the orn kind. Q. nordo. [PE17:25] @ galadh, orn

noro [-] imp. of nor-, run. Noro lim, noro lim Asfaloth. 'Run swift, run swift Asfaloth'. [PE17:18] \* nor-

**north** [< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.) +?] n. a riding, a race (of people running), a charge or gallop. Tolkien notes the "curious accidental approach of words for race with sense kindred". [PE17:168-9] \* northa-

**northa-** [< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.) +?] v. make run, specially of riding horses or other animals. Q. norta-. [PE17:168] \*\* nor-

nos(s) [-] n. race, tribe, people. Q. nóre. [PE17:169]

-nt [-] suff. past tense of transitive verb. [PE17:126] @ agarfant, -ir

Nûrnen [< ngurū nenda] topon. Death, dead water. [PE17:87] \* guru

# HG

ngaur, pl2. ngaurhoth [< NGAW falsify, deform, disguise] n. 'false, disguised, deformed', wolf (pl.2 wolf-horde). gaur in absolute initial position. Q. ñauro. [PE17:39] \* hoth

-ngid [-] 1<sup>st</sup> du. pron. suff. #we (you and me). Q. -lmo. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

**Ngolodhrim** {ð}[-] *pl2. n.* [PE17:126]

nguruthos [< NGUR to die + POS show dread of] n. shadow of death. [PE17:95] \* guruthos



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o [< au(t) < stem ana] prep. from, of. In older S. o had the form od before vowels. o menel aglar elenath! lit. 'from
    Firmament glory of the stars!'. [PE17:20-1:42:54]
-o [-] suff. imperative ending. [PE17:54]
• [< AWA, WĀ go, move (from speaker), go away, depart] prep. from. [PE17:148]
o(g)gar [< OKO +?] n. evil deed. rhugar << o(g)gar. [PE17:170] ☞ ogol, ogron, rhugar
odog [-] card. numb. seven. Q. otos. [PE17:95] * tolod
oew [< *okma < OKO evil, bad] n. an evil deed. Q. ongwe crime. [PE17:170] @ ogol, ogron
og- [< OKO] pref. rhu- (SRUGU) << og- (OKO). [PE17:170] & ogol, ogron, rhu-
ogarol [< OKO + ?] adj. wicked, doing wrong. rhugarol << ogarol. [PE17:170] @ ogol, ogron, rhugarol
ogdl [-] n. [PE17:142]
ogil, pl1. œgyl [-] n. [PE17:142]
ogl 1a [< okŏlō] n. [PE17:142]
ogl 1b, pl1. vgl [< oklo] n. [PE17:142]
ogl 2, pl1. egl, eigl, eigil [< UK, UKLA] Q. ulca. [PE17:149]
oglabar [-] n. [PE17:142]
ogol 1 [<*oklā< OKO evil, bad] adi, bad, evil, wrong. Q. olca bad, wicked. *oklā <<*oklā. [PE17:149:170] * oew, ogron
ogol 2a, pl1. egyl [< okŏlō pl. okoli] n. egyl < ogyl. [PE17:142]
ogol 2b, pl1. ygil, ygli [<oklō] n. [PE17:142]
ogolmar [-] n. [PE17:142]
ogron [< OKO evil, bad] n. a wicked or evil person. [PE17:170] @ oew, ogol
-ol [-] suff. continuative participle. [PE17:144] * úgarol
-on 1a [-] suff. a suffix which appeared in various later-formed names of regions. [PE17:37] * -ion, Nandubirion
-on 1b, pl1. -yn [-] suff. masc. ending referring to persons or animals. -or after n. [PE17:141] * -eth, -or
-on 1c [< -(i)ŏn, -(i)ondo] masc. suff. used in patronimics. [PE17:170] & -en, -ion, -ien
ón {ō}[-] v. pa.t. of antha- gave. Used with dative : ōn annin. [PE17:93:147]
ónen [< ANA/NĀ to, towards – added to, plu-] v. pa.t. & pron. suff. I gave. <u>ónen</u> i Estel Edain <u>'I gave</u> the "Hope" (to) Men'.
    [PE17:93:117:147]
onod, pl1. enyd, pl2. onodrim [-] n. Ent. [PE17:83]
onur [< NOR run (or leap: of animals, men, etc.)] v. pret. of nor- [PE17:168] * nor-
-or, pl1. -vr [-] suff. masc. ending referring to persons or animals used after n. [PE17:141] = -on
orch, pl1. yrch, pl2. orchoth [-] n. Orc. Nand. ūrif. [PE17:47:52:54:127]
orn 1a [-] n. Bot. a tall tree. Birch, ash and oak are of the orn kind. Q. orne. [PE17:25:84:112] Fangorn, galadh, nordh
orn 1b [-] n. upstanding plant, general word for tree. [PE17:153]
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orod 1a, pl1. ered, pl2. #orodrim [-] n. mountain. Tolkien notes that "eryd > ered by late change, but y unstressed remained in certain circumstances, e.g. before nasals" (PE17:33). [PE17:33:116] # dol, doll, Thangorodrim orod 1b, pl1. eryd, ered [< OR, ORO, RŌ rise, mount] n. mount, mountain. Q. oro, orto. [PE17:63-4]

Orod na Thôn [-] topon. 'Mount with Pine Tree(s)'. [PE17:82:147] # na, orod, thôn

Orodreth [< ? + RETE climb] prop. n. 'mountainer'. [PE17:182] # -reth

oron 1a [-] n. Bot. tree. Also in compound -(o)rŏnō. [PE17:89] # orn

oron 1b, pl1. œryn, eryn [-] n. Poet. upstanding plant, general word for tree. [PE17:153] # orn

Orophin [-] prop. n. [PE17:51]

oroth [< (U)RUP anger, rage, wrath] n. rage, anger. rage, anger << wrath. Q. ursa rage. [PE17:188] # rûth, ruthraOsgiliath [-] topon. -. [PE17:30] # Ostgiliath

Ossiriand [-] topon. 'Land of Seven Rivers'. [PE17:81]

Ostgiliath [-] topon. -. [PE17:30] # Osgiliath

oth- [< UTHU] adj. unsuitable; bad, improper, useless, wrong. Q. ur(u). [PE17:172]

othgar(ed) [< UTHU general bad sense + ?] n. a mistake in speech. [PE17:151] # othgarn

othgarn [< UTHU general bad sense +?] n. a misdeed. Q. uskare, uxare. [PE17:151] & dewin, dýl, dýr

**Othol** [-] [PE17:141]



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pad- [-] v. walk, step. Q. pata-. [PE17:34] Tharbad
pad [< pat-] n. track, road (only of 'roads' or tracks unpaved in open country). [PE17:34]
pâd 1a [< pata-] n. a step (action). [PE17:34]
pâd 1b [< pata-] n. ford. Also called athrad 'crossing'. [PE17:34]
padra- [-] v. walk. [PE17:34] * pad-
paeth [-] probably related to Q. pahta 'speech'. [PE17:126] & Golodhbaeth
palan [-] adj. probably a Quenya word introduced in Sindarin. Na-chaered palan-díriel lit. 'To-distance (remote) after-
    gazing'. [PE17:20-1:25] * hae, haered, na-chaered
paran [< PAR peel (hence bark, book)] adj. naked, bald, bare. Q. parne. [PE17:86:171] * baran, Dol Baran
parch [< PAR peel] adj. naked, of persons. Q. parka. [PE17:86]
paur (baur) [< kwārē < KWĂR squeeze, clench] n. fist. Q. quáre. [PE17:42] * Celebrimbor
ped- 1a [-] v. say. Q. quět-. [PE17:40] & pedo
ped- 1b [< PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] [PE17:173]
pedo [-] v. imp. of ped- say. Pedo mellon a minno! 'Say friend and enter'. [PE17:40] * ped-
pedweg [-] adj. talkative, saying a lot. [PE17:144] * -weg
pelennor [-] n. fenced land. [PE17:95]
pelennor [< PEL edge, bound, fence, limite +?] n. fenced land. [PE17:65]
pen- 1a (ben-) [< PENE lack] pref. without, ~less. pen-adar 'fatherless'. [PE17:34:144] * ben-, ú-
pen- 1b [< PEN lack, have not] pref. -less. [PE17:173] * penadar
pen- 1c [< kwenede] pref. obsolete except in few names. [PE17:141] & -ben
pen- [< PEN lack, not have] pref. -less. Q. pen without, not having. [PE17:171]
pen [-] adv. lacking, without. [PE17:145]
pen- [< PENE lack] v. 'have not'. penim vast 'we have no bread'. [PE17:144] * ú-
Pen-adar (Ben-adar) [-] prop. n. 'Fatherless', a title of Tom Bombadil. [PE17:34]
penadar [< PEN lack, have not +?] adj. 'fatherless'. [PE17:173] * pen-
pen-bed [-] adj. not pronunceable (rather than ineffable). [PE17:145]
#pend 1, pl1. pind [< O.S. pend steep incline, hill side] n. slope. [PE17:24] #penn
pend 2 [< *pendā steepy, sloping < PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] adj. Q. penda. [PE17:173] *penn
penedh \{\delta\} [< kwenedē < KWEN speak with rational words] n. historical form obsolete as specific 'tribal' or general, except
    as element in certain proper-names. [PE17:140-1]
pengolodh {\delta}[-] n. a teacher of lore, teaching sage, doctor. Also used as a title or name. [PE17:139-40] * golodh
penim [-] v. & suff. we have not. [PE17:144] ☞ -m
Penn [-] [PE17:141]
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#penn 1, pl1. pinn [-] n. slope. [PE17:24] \* #pend

penn 2 [< \*penda steepy, sloping < PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] adj. Q. penda. [PE17:173] \*pend

**penna** [< O.S. penna] v. 3<sup>rd</sup> sg. undefined of **penna** 'come down', originally 'come down a slope or from a hill'. silivren penna míriel lit. 'glittering slants-down sparkling (as jewels)'. [PE17:20-1:24] \* penna-

**penna-** [< PED fall in steep slant, incline, slope] v. come donw in a slant, fall. Q. weak v. penda- slope, incline. [PE17:173]

pen-nod [-] adj. without count. [PE17:145]

pen-noediad [-] adj. innumerable. [PE17:145]

**penwaith** [-] *pl2. n.* [PE17:141]

Perhael [< dāra wise] prop. n. 'half-wise', Samwise. [PE17:102] \* Berhael, Daur

perian, pl1. #periain, pl2. #periannath [-] n. halfling. [PE17:66:100] \* berain, pheriain, pheriannath

peth (beth) [< QUET say] n. word. fennas nogothrim lasto beth lammen 'doorway of the Dwarf-folk listen to the words of my tongue'. Q. quetta. [PE17:46] beth

pind [< KWIN crest, salient or top edge] n. crest, ridge, esp. used of long (low) hill with a sharp ridge against skyline. Q. quine. [PE17:97:173] \*pinn, Pinnath Gelin

pinn [< KWIN crest, salient or top edge] n. crest, ridge, esp. used of long (low) hill with a sharp ridge against skyline. Q. quine. [PE17:97:173] \* pind, Pinnath Gelin

**Pinnath Gelin** 1a [-] *topon.* 'Green Slopes', 'Green Crest/ridges'. Dialectal of late Gondorian Sindarin for the pl. *pennath* blended with other plural forms *pinn*, *pind.* [PE17:24:97] \* *pind*, *pinn* 

Pinnath Gelin 1b [< KWIN crest, salient or top edge & ?] topon. 'Green-crests'. [PE17:173] \* pind, pinn

**pirin** [< PIRI close eyes, blink, wink] *n. Bot.* a flower that opened ans shut quickly with any change of light at [some? not?] even a pansy closed. Q. *pirinde*, *pirne*. [PE17:146]



phaw [< PHAW] Q. foa. [PE17:181] \*\* faw
pheriain mutated form of #periain after article i [PE17:66:96] \*\* perain
pheriannath mutated form of #periannath after article i [PE17:66:96:102] \*\* perain</pre>



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-r [-] 3<sup>rd</sup> pl. pron. suff. #they. Q. -r. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]
raen [< RAYA 'smile', show pleasure or favour in facial expression] adj. smiling, gracious, sweet-faced. Q. raina. [PE17:182]
    Gilraen
raitha [< RIK strive] v. an e is written above raitha, prob. Indicating alternative forms reitha or retha. [PE17:167]
Rammas Echor [-] topon. [PE17:100]
randir [< RĂNĂ wander + ndir man] n. wandering man, pilgrim. [PE17:60] * Mithrandir
-rant [-] suff. -lode. Dw. nâla path, course, river-course or bed. [PE17:37] * -ian, -ianda
rasg, pl1.#resg [-] n. a drag or any large, flat vehicle on wheels or rollers for hauling stone or other weighty material. Q.
    raxa. [PE17:28] * Nan Gondresgion
rass [-] n. horn. [PE17:36] @ Caradhras
rath [-] n. street. [PE17:98]
rau- [< AR] pref. [PE17:147]
raud 1a [< (a)rātā] adj. tall, high, lofty, eminent, noble. Q. arta (< áratā). [PE17:49:118] * Nimrodel, rodel
raud 1b [< AR] adj. excellent, noble, eminent. [PE17:147]
raud 1c [< RAT tower up] adj. lofty. Q. rāta. [PE17:186] * arod, taer
raug [-] n. demon. Q. rauca. [PE17:48] * Balrog
raw [-] n. wing. Q. ráma, pl1. rámar. [PE17:63] * Landroval, rov-, roval
-red [< *raitē peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were fair < SRIT (RIT?) varied
    significance, 'to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches' | suff. applied esp. to colours and
    shapes. [PE17:185] * rhaed, -rhed
reitha [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] * raitha
remmen, pl1. remmin [< rembinā, rembinā] adj. meshed, netted, woven. [PE17:26] * galadbremmen
Remmirath [-] n. Astron. lit. 'The Netted Jewels', the Pleiades. [PE17:14:24:121]
-reth [< RETE climb] suff. [PE17:182] * Orodreth
reth [< REb, RES 'remain in same place', be unmoved, patient] often in names. [PE17:182] * andreth, Arodreth
retto [< RETE climb] [PE17:182] * -reth
ril [-] n. brilliance, esp. used of white radiation. [PE17:47] * mithril
rim 1a [-] n. great number. [PE17:50] * rimb
rim 1b [-] n. a people of one kind or origin. [PE17:190] @ gwaith, li
-rim [-] pl. suff. general or group plural ending. [PE17:62] @ -ath
rimb [-] n. great number. [PE17:50] * rim
Ringlo [-] [PE17:136]
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Ringlô [-] topon. [PE17:96] & hlô, lô, -lô

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riss [< rinsa < RIS cut] adj. cleft, cloven, separate. Q. rista, risse, rinse. [PE17:87] * Imladris
rithanen [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] * raitha
rithant [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] * raitha
rithantem [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] * raitha
rithantin [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] * raitha
rithas [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] * raitha
rithessin [< RIK strive] [PE17:167] * raitha
ro- [< AR] pref. [PE17:147]
roban [< (S)ROB, (D)ROB] n. wildness. [PE17:99] * rhovan
roch [-] n. Zoo. steed. [PE17:97]  Rocheryn
Roch e Cheruin [-] prop. n. 'Steed of the Lady', Aragorn's steed given him by Arwen. Pure S. form, also Rocheryn <
    Roch(ch)eruin, softened Gondor form Roheryn. [PE17:97] * Rocheruin, Rocheryn, Roheryn
roch na-heryna [-] prop. n. 'the horse of (the) lady', Aragorn's steed given him by Arwen. [PE17:97] * heryna, na,
    Rocheruin, Rocheryn, Roheryn
Rocheruin [-] prop. n. 'Steed of the Lady', Aragorn's steed given him by Arwen. Pure S. form, also Roch e Cheruin,
    softened Gondor form Roberyn. [PE17:97] & Roch e Cheruin, Rocheryn, Roberyn
Rocheryn [< Roch(ch)eruin] prop. n. 'Steed of the Lady', Aragorn's steed given him by Arwen. Pure S. form, softened
    Gondor form Roheryn. [PE17:97] * Roch e Cheruin, Rocheruin, Roheryn
-rod [-] suff. [PE17:118]
rod [< ROT cave] [PE17:49] * -roth
rodel 1a [-] n. lady, high lady. [PE17:49] * Nimrodel
rodel 1b [-] n. lofty star. [PE17:49] * Nimrodel
Rodon, pl1. Rodyn [< RAT tower up] n. 'One of the High', Vala. (Q. pl1.?) Artor. [PE17:33:118:186] * arod, raud
Roheryn [-] prop. n. 'Steed of the Lady', Aragorn's steed given him by Arwen. Softened Gondor form of pure S.
    Roch(ch)eruin > Rocheryn for Roch e Cheruin. [PE17:97] * Roch e Cheruin, Rocheryn
ron [< RUN rub, grind, smooth, polish] v. smooth by polishing. Q. runda smooth, polish. RUN << RON. [PE17:89]
Ronhir [-] prop. n. probably cognate with (Q.?) Rondohēr. [PE17:117]
Ronthir [-] prop. n. [PE17:117]
Rontir [-] prop. n. [PE17:117]
ross [-] n. foam. [PE17:121] * bross
roth [-] n. cave. Q. rondo. [PE17:117]
-roth [< ROT cave] [PE17:49] ☞ -rod
rov- [-] pref. wing. [PE17:63] * Landroval, raw, roval
rovaed [< AR + ?] [PE17:147]
roval [-] n. wing. [PE17:63] @ Landroval, raw, rov-
#-ruin [< RUYU blaze (red)] suff. #fire. Q. ruine. [PE17:183] * Angruin
ruist [-] [PE17:183]
rûn [-] n. #east. Q. rómen. [PE17:88]
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rúnavar [-] *n.* #'East-Elf'. [PE17:139] rúnedel [-] *n.* [PE17:142] rúnedhel {ð}[-] [PE17:141]

**rûth** [< (U)RUÞ anger, rage, wrath] n. anger. Q. rúse wrath. [PE17:188] \* oroth, ruthra-ruthra- [< (U)RUÞ anger, rage, wrath] v. to rage. Q. ursa-. [PE17:188] \* oroth, ruthra-

# RH

rhae [-] adj. easy. Q. rhaia. [PE17:172]

**rhaed** [< \*raitē peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were fair < SRIT (RIT?) varied significance, 'to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches'] adj. applied esp. to colours and shapes. rhaed << raed. [PE17:185] \*-red, -rhed, rhîd

rhanc [< SRAK] adj. awry, akward. Q. branga awkward, hard. [PE17:154]

rhaw [< S-RAB wild, in the senses 'not tamed, domesticated'; hence often 'fierce, savage, hostile (to Elves and Men' < RAB astray, wandering, unsettled] *adj.* wild. Q. *bráva*. Tolkien wrote this entry as "*rhaw [ff*" (PE17:78). [PE17:78]

**-rhed** [< \*raitē peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were fair < SRIT (RIT?) varied significance, 'to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches'] suff. applied esp. to colours and shapes. [PE17:185] \*-red, rhaed

**rhîd** [< \*raitē peculiar hue, (special) fashion – only applied to details and characteristics that were fair < SRIT (RIT?) varied significance, 'to complete a work or design, to add the final details and finishing touches'] adj. applied esp. to colours and shapes. Maybe the plural form of **rhaed**. [PE17:185] \* -red, rhaed, -rhed

rhond [< RON solid, tangible, firm] n. body. [PE17:183] \* rhonn, rhû

rhonn [< RON solid, tangible, firm] n. body. [PE17:183] \* rhond, rhû

Rhovain [-] pl1. n. lit. 'Wild-Men, Savages'. Q. pl1. Hrávani. [PE17:18]

**rhovan** 1a [< srāban < S-RAB wild, in the senses 'not tamed, domesticated'; hence often 'fierce, savage, hostile (to Elves and Men' < RAB astray, wandering, unsettled] n. a wild beast. Q. hrăvan. [PE17:78]

**rhovan** 1b [< (S)ROB, (D)ROB] *n*. wildness. [PE17:99] \* roban

**Rhovanion** [< S-RAB wild, in the senses 'not tamed, domesticated'; hence often 'fierce, savage, hostile (to Elves and Men' < RAB astray, wandering, unsettled +?] topon. Wilderland. [PE17:78] \* rhaw

rhû 1a [-] adj. evil, wicked. Q. hruo. [PE17:115] @ Rhudaur

rhû 1b [< S-RŪGU] adj. evil, wicked. Q. hrúa, hrúya. [PE17:170] \* rhu-, Rhudaur

rhû 2 [< srōn < SRON < RON solid, tangible, firm] n. matter. rhû << rhū. [PE17:183] \* rhond, rhonn

rhu- [< SRUGU] pref. rhu- (SRUGU) << og- (OKO). [PE17:170] \* rhugar

Rhudaur [< S-RŪGU +?] topon. 'Troll shaw'. [PE17:115:170] \* rhû

rhugar [< SRUGU + ?] n. evil deed. Q. rhúcare / rúcare evil-doing. rhugar << o(g)gar. [PE17:170] \* rhugarol

rhugarol [< SRUGU + ?] adj. wicked, doing wrong. rhugarol << ogarol. [PE17:170] \* rhugar

rhûn [-] n. east. Q. hrō- uprising, sunrise, east. [PE17:18:96:122] \* amrûn

Rhûnedain [-] pl1. n. lit. #'Men of the East', Men other than the Atani. Q. pl1. Hrónatani. [PE17:18] \* rhûn

sadar, pl1. sedair [< \*satarŏ < SAT | SATAR faithfull, trust, loyal; rely, steadfast, etc.] n. Poet. trusty follower, loyal companion (member of "comitatus" of a lord, or prince). [PE17:183] \* sadron

sador [< SAT | SATAR faithfull, trust, loyal; rely, steadfast, etc.] [PE17:183] \* sadar, sadron

sadron, pl1. sedryn [< \*satarŏ < SAT|SATAR faithfull, trust, loyal; rely, steadfast, etc.] n. Poet. trusty follower, loyal companion (member of "comitatus" of a lord, or prince). Probably form of sadar with masc. suffix -on. [PE17:183]

\*\*sadar\*

Sammath Naur [-] topon. [PE17:101] \* naur

**saur** [< SAWA disgusting, foul, vile] *adj.* used in sense 'bad' of food *etc.*, putrid. Tolkien seems to have rejected the root SAWA, noting: "No. THAW-, cruel. *saura*, cruel. *Gorthaur*-." [PE17:183-4]

**Sauron** [< SAWA disgusting, foul, vile] *prop. n.* used in Third Age Sindarin. It could be a genuine S. formation from *saur*, but was prob. from Quenya. Tolkien seems to have rejected the root SAWA, noting: "No. THAW-, cruel. *saura*, cruel. *Gorthaur*-." [PE17:183-4] \*\* *saur* 

**saw** [< SAWA disgusting, foul, vile] *n.* filth, putrescence. Tolkien seems to have rejected the root SAWA, noting: "No. THAW-, cruel. *saura*, cruel. *Gorthaur*-." [PE17:183-4]

**sen**, pl1. **sín** {\bar{i}}[-] *dem. pron.* this. [PE17:44]

sereg [< SEREK blood] n. blood. Q. serke. [PE17:184] \* seregorn

seregorn [< SEREK blood +?] n. Bot. 'blood of stone', a kind of red flowered stone-crop. [PE17:184] \* sereg

**sevin** [< SAM + ?] v. aor. & pron. suff. I have. Q. samin. [PE17:173] & -n

sí [< SĬ, SĬN position of speaker, 'this'] adv. here. Q. Sí now, here (usually 'now'). [PE17:27:67:94:127]

si {i}[-] adv. in this place (of speaker), here. [PE17:27] si

silef [-] n. crystal (white). [PE17:23] @ silivren

silivren [-] adj. like silef 'crystal' (white). silivren penna míriel lit. 'glittering slants-down sparkling (as jewels)'. [PE17:20-1:23]

sîr [-] n. stream. [PE17:37] \* Nanduhirion

Sirion [<\*siriānā] topon. properly 'the Vale or lands about the River Síre' or 'the Great Stream'. [PE17:42-3] \* -ion

-st [-] 3<sup>rd</sup> du. pron. suff. # (both of) them. Q. -sto. See paradigm PE17:132. [PE17:132]

**súl** 1a {ū}[-] *n*. hill; lump, clump, mass. [PE17:15]

**sûl** 1b [< *sū*] *n*. Q. *sūre*. [PE17:124]

T

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tad [-] card. numb. two. Q. atta. [PE17:95] *nel, neledh
tad [-] card. numb. two. [PE17:14]
taer 1a [< TAG] adj. lofty. Q. tāra. [PE17:186]
taer 1b [< tagra < TA3] adj. Q. tāra. [PE17:186]
taith [< tek-ta] n. a sign, symbol, mark. Q. tehta. [PE17:43] * teith, teithant
tâl [-] n. flat space, platform. Q. talan or talma. [PE17:52] * talan
talan, pl1. telain [< C.E. talam-] n. flat space, platform. Q. talan or talma. [PE17:52] * tâl
talf [-] n. a word applied to topographical flat areas, wang. [PE17:52:61] * Nindalf
taor [< tachaur < TASĀS] n. Bot. Poet. or Arch. #willow. [PE17:81] * tathar, taur
Tarlang [-] prop. n. 'stiff-neck', sc. 'proud', 'the stiff, tough passage'. It could be the name of a man used to call the
    narrow 'col' or passage over the mountains that separated Lamedon from the plain of Erech. [PE17:92:98] *Achad
    Tarlang
tathar [< TAÞAR] n. Bot. #willow. [PE17:81] * taor, taur
taug [-] adj. firm, strong, ?withstand. Q. tauka stiff, wooden. [PE17:115]
taur 1a [< tachaur < TASĀS] n. Bot. Poet. or Arch. #willow. [PE17:81] * taor, tathar
taur 1b [< tau-re forest < TAW wood] n. forest. Q. taure. [PE17:82:115] * taw
tavn [< *taman- < TAM construct] n. a thing made by handicraft. Q. taman. [PE17:107]
taw [< TAW wood] n. wood as material. Q. toa. [PE17:115] * taur
tawen, pl1. tewin [< tawinā < TAW wood] adj. wood – as material. Q. toina. [PE17:115] * taw
teith [< tek-ta] n. a sign, symbol, mark. Q. tehta. [PE17:43] * taith, teithant
teitha- [< S. teith, taith a sign, symbol, mark] v. make marks or signs, write, inscribe. [PE17:43] * taith, teith, teithant
teithant [< tekta-nt drew, wrote] v. pa.t. of teitha-. [PE17:43] * teitha-
teleir, pl1. teler, pl2. teleriath, telerwaith [< *teleryal m. it became current as a general term to distinguish the Sindar
    (and usually also the Nandor) from either the Noldor or the Dark-Elves. [PE17:139]
*terchil [-] pl1. n. 'high-Men', ancient name of the Edain. A S. form not used. Q. tarcildi, prob. Orkish tark. [PE17:101] * Adan
terech [< TOR secret, hide] n. secret hole, lair. [PE17:188] * torn
tew (dew), pl1. tiw [< *teim < te\tilde{m}a < TEÑ show, sign, indicate] n letter. tem << têm; tim << têm. [PE17:44] * têm
téw, pl1. tíw \{\bar{e}, \bar{i}\}\ [< S. tenw pl1. tinw < tekmā pl. tekmī (< tekmāi)] n. Ling. letter. [PE17:43:122]  tew
tewch [< texm < texmā < tesmā '[?chip]' ] [PE17:148]
til [-] n. point, ending. [PE17:55] * -il, niphredil
till [-] n. tine, spike, point. [PE17:36] © Celebdil
tin [-] n. spark, sparkle (esp. used of the twinkle of stars). [PE17:39] * ithildin
tîn [< TIN sparkle, spark] n. spark, star. Q. tinwe spark (Poet. star). [PE17:66]
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**Tinnúviel** [-] prop. n. Q. Tindómiel. [PE17:190] tíria [-] v. gaze, look at, watch. [PE17:25] \* tirith tíriel [-] adj. adjectival participial form of tíria. [PE17:25] \* tíria, tirith tirith {1st ĭ}[-] n. watch, ward, guard. [PE17:25:31] \* tíria, Minas Tirith **tíro** [-] *v. imp.* look. [PE17:95] tôl [-] v. pres. is coming. Tôl achar 'vengeance is coming'. [PE17:166] Tol Brandir [-] topon. 'Isle of Great Steeples', great upstanding mass ending in two major and two minor steeples (cf. drawing PE17:22). [PE17:22:61] \* brand tolod [-] card. numb. eight. Q. tolto. [PE17:95] \* neder torech [-] n. secret hole, lair. [PE17:89] torn 1, pl1. tyrn [-] n. burial mound. [PE17:116] \* Tyrn Gorthad torn 2 [< TOR secret, hide] adj. hidden, secret. [PE17:188] \* terech **torog** [-] *n*. troll. [PE17:136] **Turgon** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:117] **Turgond** [< *Turukondō* < TUR power + KON lord] *prop. n.* [PE17:113] Turgond- [< Q. Turondo < Turukundā] prop. n. 'Lord of Stone'. [PE17:112] **Turgorn** [< Turñgorna] prop. n. 'Ruling Lord'. [PE17:113] **Turugon** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113] **Turugond** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]

**Turugorn** [-] *prop. n.* [PE17:113]

Tyrn Gorthad [-] topon. [PE17:116] @ gorthad, torn

# TH

thang [-] n. presure, oppression. Q. sanga press, pressure, throng. [PE17:116] \* Thangorodrim Thangorodrim [-] topon. 'Mountains of Tyranny'. [PE17:116] \* thang thar [-] adv. & prep. across. [PE17:14] thar- [-] pref. across, over, properly 'athwart'. Original S. form para-. See also the rejected glose in PE17:34. [PE17:34] thara- {b}[-] pref. original S. form of thar-. [PE17:34] \* thartharan [< THAR vigour (only in S.)] adj. vigorous. [PE17:27:187] \* tharanduil, thranduil tharanduil [-] n. vigorous spring. [PE17:27:187] \* tharan, thranduil Tharbad [-] topon. 'Teeping Stones', a crossing, a ford over which one could walk. [PE17:34] \* pâd, tharthaun, pl1. thoen [< thani-] n. Bot. #pine. Presented as a noldorized S. form. [PE17:81] \* Dor I thoen, thôn thaur [< SAWA bad, unhealthy, ill, wretched] Q. saura. [PE17:172] **Thend** [-] [PE17:140] thend 1a, pl1. thind, pl2. thindrim [-] n. probably intended to mean #'Grey(-elf)'. thend << thind. [PE17:140] thend 1b, pl2. thendrim, thennath [-] n. #Grey-Elf. Tolkien notes that in the plural forms "The e is analogical from (rare) sg. thend' (PE17:141). [PE17:141] thenn 1 [< \*stenna short < STEN cut short, limit, confine, cramp] adj. Q. thenna, senna. [PE17:185] \* esten thenn 2, pl1. thinn [< thinda] n. Grey-Elf. Q. thinda, sinda. The form thinn is given with a dagger, indicating an archaic or poetical form. [PE17:141] thennes [-] fem. n. Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] -es thenneth [-] fem. n. Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] \* -eth **Thennir** [-] *Thennir* << *Thinnir*. [PE17:140] **thennon**, pl1. **thennyn** [-] *masc. n*. Grey-Elf. Note the rule on the same page stating that the ending was "after n - or". [PE17:141] *-on* thennor, pl1. thennyr [-] *masc. n.* Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] thent [< stenta] Q. thenta, senta. [PE17:141] theria- [< THAR vigour (only in S.)] v. be vigorous, flourish. [PE17:187] thî [-] adv. now. Q. sí. thî/hî << hî. [PE17:27] bî thin [< pindā grey] adj. grey. Q. sinda. [PE17:72:112] \* thind, Thingol, thinn **Thind** [-] [PE17:140] thind 1a [< pindā grey] adj. grey. Q. sinda. [PE17:72:112:141] \* thin, Thingol, thinn thind 1b [< pindi-] adj. grey. Obsolete except in names as Thingol. [PE17:140] \* hithren thind 2, pl2. thindrim [-] *n*. #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] thindeth [-] fem. n. #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] @ -eth

thindon [-] masc. n. #Grev-Elf. [PE17:141] -on

Thindreth [-]n. probably a feminine form of Thinn, Thind intended to mean #'feminine Grey(-elf)'. [PE17:140] thindron, pl1. thindryn [-] n. probably a masculine form of Thinn, Thind intended to mean #'masculine Grey(-elf)'. [PE17:140] thinedh {ð}[-] fem. n. #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] \* -eth Thingol [-] prop. n. 'Grey-cloak'. Q. Sindacollo, Sindikollo. [PE17:72:112:176] \* thin, thind, thinn thinidh, pl2. thinidhrim {ð}[-] n. #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] **thinidhes** {ð}[-] *fem. n.* #Grey-Elf. [PE17:141] thinn 1a [< pindā grey] adj. grey. Q. sinda. [PE17:72:112:141] \* thin, thind, Thingol thinn 1b [< thindi-] adj. grey. Q. sinde. [PE17:141] **Thinn** [-] [PE17:140] **Thinnedhel** {\delta\}[-] n. 'Grey-Elf'. Later more generally used of the subjects of Thingol. [PE17:139] \* edhel, thinn **Thinnir** [-] *pl1. n.* [PE17:140] thiw mutated form of tiw [PE17:43] \* tew thôl [< STOL helmet] n. [PE17:186] \* castol thol, pl1. thely or thuil [< POL stand up, 'top'] n. Q. sōl. [PE17:188] \* castol **thôn** 1a [prob. < *stŏna*] [PE17:82] thôn 1b [prob. < thŏno-] n. Bot. #pine. Presented as a noldorized S. form. [PE17:81] \* thôn, thann thôn [< thani-] n. Bot. #pine. Presented as a noldorized S. form. [PE17:81] \* Dor I thoen, thôn **thond** [-] *n.* root. [PE17:96:121] thoniel [< THAN kindle] v. archaic perfect participle/adjective. [PE17:82] & Gilthoniel thorn [< THOR] adj. steadfast. Q. thorna, sorna. [PE17:113] \* Arathorn thos [< POS frighten, terrify] n. fear. O.Q. posse. [PE17:87] \* di'nguruthos Thranduil [< THAR vigour (only in S.) +?] prop. n. vigorous spring. [PE17:27:51:187] \* tharan, tharanduil **thu** [-] *adj.* bad. [PE17:172] \* *thugar* thû [< thūsē < THUS evil mist, fog] n. horrible darkness, black mist. [PE17:183] **Thú**  $\{\bar{u}\}\ [< s\bar{u}]\ [PE17:124]$ **thugar** [= thu-gar] [PE17:172] \* thu thuin [-] n. [PE17:81] \* Dor i Thuin

### U

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\hat{\mathbf{u}} [-] adv. or interj. no, not (of fact). [PE17:144]
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**ú-** [-] *pref.* negates the sense of the following word. Applied to all classes of words but especially to verbs and adjectives. Prefixed to verbal stems (without further suffix), it forms quasi-participles in a rist mode (e.g. únod not ever counting, úbed not saying). The continuative participle ol can be added in order to express a strictly present (and continuative) sense: úgarol 'not now doing or making', idling vs. ugar '(generally) idle'. There is no sens of 'without' attaching to ú- in Sindarin, see pen- (ben-). [PE17:62:144-5] \* pen-, úland, úlann

úbed [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) not saying. [PE17:144] F ú-

**úbedui** [-] *adj.* lit. 'not fit to say', unspeakable. [PE17:144] \*  $\acute{u}$ -, - $\emph{u}i$ 

úchebin [-] v. & 1<sup>st</sup> sg. suff. I do not retain. úchebin estel anim 'I don't keep hope for myself'. [PE17:62:117]

úgal [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) lit. 'not shining', dark. [PE17:144] & ú-

ugar [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) (generally) idle. [PE17:144] \* ú-, úgarol

**úgar** [or  $\acute{u}$ -gár]  $\emph{v}$ . he does not do (make). [PE17:145] \*  $\acute{u}$ -

úgarol [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) & continuative part. (generally) idle. [PE17:144] \* ú-, úgarol

-ui [-] adj. suff. having quality, ~ful. With verbal stems, it has implication of possibility or suitability. [PE17:87:144:173] \*\* fanui, lithui, úbedui, únodui

uial [<? + GAL/KAL light] n. twilight. Q. úyale, yúyal. [PE17:153:169]

**Uilos** [-] *topon.* 'Everwhite/snowy', Mount Everwhite, a name of the Great Moutain of Aman, highest mountain in the world, the *Tániquetil* in the centre of the *Pelóri.* Q. *Oiolosse.* [PE17:26:174:176] \* *Fanuilos* 

uin [-] v. & pron. suff. I do not. Could be used with bare verbs: uin gare I do not make. [PE17:145] -n, ú-

**úlal** [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) lit. 'not laugthing', serious. [PE17:144] & ú-

**úlan** [-] adj. lit. 'not broad', narrow. [PE17:144] \* ú-

úland [-] adj. lit. 'not broad', narrow. [PE17:144] ☞ ú-

úlann [-] adj. lit. 'not broad', narrow. [PE17:144] ☞ ú-

úmedin [-] v. & pron. suff. I do not eat. [PE17:145] ☞ -n, ú-

úmel [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) lit. 'not loving', enemy, inimical. [PE17:144] \* μ-, μνεl

**únen** [-] v. & pron. suff. I did not. Could be used with bare verbs. [PE17:145] & -n, ú-, uin

**únod** [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) not (ever) counting. [PE17:144] \* ú-

**únodui** [-] *adj.* countless. [PE17:144] \* ú-, -ui

**úvedin** [-] v. & pron. suff. I do not eat. [PE17:145] & -n, ú-

úvel [-] suff. & verbal stem (quasi-participle in aorist mode) lit. 'not loving', enemy, inimical. [PΕ17:144-5] & ú-, úmel

**úvelui** [-] pref. & verbal stem & suff. not amiable, unloveable. [PE17:145] \* ú-, -ui



Vanedhel [-] prop. n. 'elven fair', a title of Arwen. Q. Vanimelda, Eldavanima. [PE17:56] \* Eldhelvein, Elrenniel, Wanedhel vast soft mut. of #bast. [PE17:144] vedui soft mut. of medui [PE17:16]



wá [< WĀ [?used] of noise of wind] n. -. Q. wáwa. [PE17:34] \* gwaew

-waith [-] suff. often used of regions in proper names or peoples. [PE17:190] @ gwaith, -weith

Wanedhel [-] prop. n. 'elven fair', a title of Arwen. Q. Vanimelda, Eldavanima. [PE17:56] & Eldhelvein, Elrenniel, Vanedhel

- -we [-] masc. suff. It corresponds to fem. -iel. Q. -we. [PE17:23]
- -weg [-] adj. suff. active in doing. [PE17:144] @ carweg, madweg, pedweg
- **weg** [< WEK] [PE17:190]
- -weith [-] suff. often used of regions in proper names or peoples. [PE17:190] \* -waith
- -wen [-] 3<sup>rd</sup> pl. poss. suff. their. See also the paradigm of poss. suff. in PE17:46. Earlier -ent. [PE17:46] @ -ent
- -wi [< WE? WE3 'person', individual (only used of Elves and Men)] suff. [PE17:189]



whinn [-] n. Bot. ordinary non-mythological word for birch. Q. hwinde. [PE17:23] \* brethil, chwind



**ygil** [-] *n*. [PE17:142] **ygyl** [-] *n*. [PE17:142]



### Grammatical Notes

Notes highlighted in grey were rejected by J.R.R. Tolkien.

#### Sindarin Sounds

m > v after preposition (e.g.: medui 'end, final, last' > na vedui 'at last'). [16]

In Sindarin, initially, ch- take the form h-, but reappears in composition, such as na <u>chaered</u>. [25]

In Sindarin, t usually > d with t becoming medial; and so after prefixes (e.g. tiriel vs. palan-diriel). [25]

eryd > ered by late change, but y unstressed remained in certain circumstances, e.g. before nasals. [cf. on the same page amon, pl1. emyn] [33]

 $nr > \delta r$ , cf. S. cara<u>n-r</u>ass > Cara<u>dhr</u>as. [36]

Medial change of d > dh does not occur after n, nd; initial s medially > h (e.g. Nan<u>duhirion</u>). [37]

In S., a 'and' leaves the initials b, d, g, m, n, s unchanged, but changes p, t, c > f, th, ch; adt > att. In older S., gw became w (for gw is only the S. initial form of basic w-: as wath shadow, initial form gwath, i-wath the shadow, a chwath and a shadow). But in later S., on analogy of genuine original g (as in a galað and a tree) gw was left unaltered: a gwath and a shadow. [41] [altered as follows]

In S., a 'and' leaves the initials b, d, g, m, n, s unchanged, but changes p, t, c > f, th, ch; adt > att. In older S., gw became w (for gw is only the S. initial form of basic w-: as wath shadow, initial form gwath, i-wath the shadow). But in later S. and on analogy of genuine original g (as in a galað and a tree) gw was left unaltered: a gwath and a shadow. [41]

Old Sindarin had ath. S.  $a/a\delta$  has soft mutation but with ath before b- < s. Later S. a- in all cases. [41]

S.  $\tilde{n}m = -w$ . [44]

S.  $\tilde{n}$  vanished early with lengthening. [44]

Original b, d, g as voiced stops were altered or lost. [50]

 $\tilde{n} > \tilde{n}$  in Q.  $> \tilde{n}g > g$  in S., vanished in Telerian, hence  $[\tilde{n}gal(a)t\bar{a}$ -rig-el->] Q.  $\tilde{N}$ altariel, S. Galadriel, T. Altarielle. [60]

"Elvish Sound Laws" [95]

Sounds changes. [99]

Notes on the phonological divergences of Northern Sindarin vs. the dialects of Beleriand. [108]

Initial nasal groups in Sindarin. [124]

Notes on Old Sindarin's phonology. [131]

Notes on final -w. [148]

Sindarin  $\eta > 3 > g$ . [169]

In Sindarin, historically, -we had become w or u (as in Elu = Elwe). [189]

### Adjectives

Adjectival form is used when the quality of the action applies to the subject of verb immediately preceding, or to the subject expressed (as by a name): Noro <u>lim</u>, noro <u>lim</u> Asfaloth. 'Run <u>swift</u>, run <u>swift</u> Asfaloth.' [18]

The adjectival element usually follows in S. but in certain old elements the older (Quenya) order is maintained, as e.g. with mor- 'black' (morgul beside gul-dûr); and in names the order could be shifted for euphonic reasons, so Fanuiðol for Dol-fanui. [36]

Adjectives expressing negation of possibilities. [144-5]

#### Adverbs

Many Sindarin adverbs end in -ra. [14]

#### Morist

Paradigm. [132]

Articles

Article I 'the' shows inflexions, exhibited mainly in effect on initial (perian 'halfling', I berian 'the halfling', i pheriain,

pheriannath 'the halflings'). [66]

**Pative** 

Dative after word give: on annin. [147]

Genitive

The genitive when strictly so (especially when implying identity, as 'the city of Minas Tirith') and not implying any

movement of or from partitive relation is expressed by mere juxtaposition (e.g. aglar elenath 'radiance of the (host of)

stars', full genitive of elenath being elenathon). [25]

In Sindarin, the simple genitive was usually expressed by placing the genitive noun in adjectival position second

without any word equivalent to 'of'. So I 319, Ennyn Durin Aran Moria 'the doors (of) Durin King (of) Moria'. [25]

Three forms of Genitive in Old Sindarin. [97]

Imperative

The o of S. 'imperative' (e.g. imp. pedo say) is an agglutination of the exclamation  $\bar{a}$ ! found separately in Q. before or

after the bare tense stem when used 'imperatively'. [41]

Negation

Negation in Sindarin (ú-). [145]

Nouns

Sindarin plurals were made usually by vowel change due to [?influence] of the primitive plural ending -i. silivren pl.

silivrin, el(en) [pl.] elin. craban [pl.] crebain. ae no change.  $\bar{u}$  [>] ui. au, o [>] oe. au... [25]

Both Quenya and Sindarin have for most nouns two plurals formations: the general or group, and the partitive or

special. The plural element in nouns is [i] as a suffix [ī]. Plural formed with this are in Quenya 'general', and the

partitive is formed with -li. In Sindarin, the old i plurals causing "affection" are partial (as a rule) and the group plural

have -ath: a group suffix, or other endings as -rim. [62]

General notes on plural. [133]

Masculine and feminine endings. [141]

\* $d\bar{a}$  (variant of  $n\bar{a}$ ) denoted the passive result of the action, and when used substantivally a single product of it.

The distinction between a single action and a single product of it was not maintained in S. or Q. and in practice words

denoting products were found made with either  $d\bar{a}$  or  $t\bar{a}$  (lengthened owing to the influence of  $d\bar{a}$ ). [52]

Prepositions

The ancient Sindarin form of o 'from' must have been au(t) since the beginnings of following words beginning with m, n, b, d, g, s (such as *menel* or *galadh* in the hymn to *Elbereth*) are not changed; but t, p, c become th, ph, ch. [24]

Present

Paradigm. [132]

Pronouns

Paradigm of possessive pronouns (suffixes). [46]

Paradigm of pronominal suffixes. [132]

Verbs

\*ta verbal suffix. [52]

Miscellangous

In Sindarin, there was no much distinction in size between *galað* and *orn*. A *galað* was more thick, dense and branching than a *orn*. Birch, ash and oak are of the *orn* kind. [25]

The tongue of the Elves immediately East of the Mountains was closely related with Sindarin, and further assimilated to it by the further infiltration of Elves from Beleriand. But it differed in some respects, notably in the change of  $\delta > d$  (as in O.E.); also in some more archaic features of grammar, notably the retention of a genitival noun inflexion, sg. -a, pl. -on. Hence Caras Galadon for pure S. Caras (i)Ngelelaiô. Thus S. galað tree > galad. [60]

Notes on the relations between Sindarin and Quenya. [109:127]

Notes on the various origin of -gorn, orn, etc. in names. [112]

Notes on the dialects of Sindarin. [127-8:131]

History of Sindarin. [134-5]

